

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPOTATION FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION SEATTLE IMPLEMENTATION CENTER SEATTLE, WASHINGTON



BOISE McGOWAN FIELD AIRPORT BOISE, IDAHO AIRPORT TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER (ATCT) AND BASE BUILDING SITE ADAPTATION DESIGN PROJECT

PROJECT PLANNING DOCUMENT (PPD)

January 26, 2007

PROJECT PLANNING DOCUMENT (PPD) FOR AIRPORT TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER (ATCT) AND BASE BUILDING SITE ADAPTATION DESIGN PROJECT

BOISE McGOWAN FIELD AIRPORT BOISE, IDAHO

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January 26, 2007

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Summary of Work

- This Project Planning Document (PPD) sets the requirements for the project titled Airport Traffic Control Tower (ATCT) and Base Building Site Adaptation Design Project at Boise McGowan Field Airport.
- The New ATCT Facility shall be designed as a combined facility with Administrative Base Building and a non-occupied TRACON area.
- The design shall be modeled after the new Standard Design (525 sq.ft.) Intermediate ATCT standards. The Base Building shall be approximately 11,000 sq.ft.

1.2. ATCT Siting

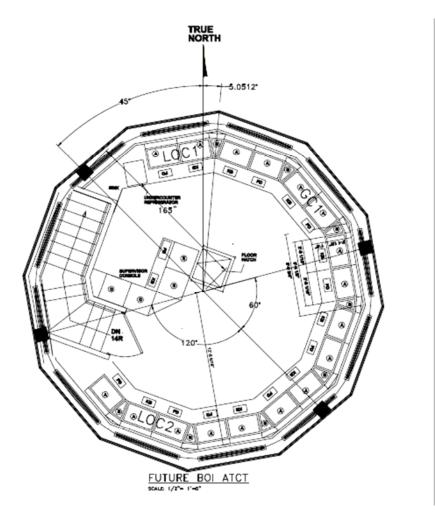
- A tower siting study, utilizing the facilities at the FAA's Airport Facilities Tower Integration Laboratory (AFTIL) has been completed. The report recommends the new ATCT/Base Building be located at site 4B on the south side of the airfield, north of the new runway.
- The property is owned by the City of Boise.
- The ATCT shall be located at latitude 43° 33' 21.07"N and longitude 116° 13' 09.34"W NAD 83. The center of the ATCT building shall be located within 10 feet this location.
- The ground elevation is estimated to be 2846 MSL.

1.3. Tower Height

- The cab finish floor elevation is 255 feet above ground level (AGL). Overall facility height shall not exceed 290 feet AGL. The top of the structure elevation is limited to 3136 AMSL.
- Avoid roof mounted equipment, antennas, and air terminals, if possible

1.4. Control Cab Simulation

• A control cab simulation has been completed and it was determined that a four column cab support design shall be used with the cab rotation as per the angel specified.



1.5. ATCT Classification

Facility Type: Stand Alone ATCT

Current Level: 8
Hours of Operation: 24
Current Positions: 4

Automation: ARTS IIE

1.6. Terminal Operational Position

BOI ATCT Positions	Existing ATCT	New ATCT Validated
Operational Positions:		
Local 1	1	11
Local 2	0	11
Ground Control 1	1	11
Ground Control 2	0	0 ·
Support Positions:		
Cab Coordinator	0	1
Flight Data	0	0
Clearance Delivery	11	11
Cab Supervisor/CIC	1	11
Traffic Management	0	0
Total Positions	4	6

1.7. ATO-T Staffing Requirements

TERMINAL PERSONNEL

FUNCTION	ATCT/TRACON Staffing	Final Validated
rononon	Current Staff Level-8 Hrs of Ops = 24	New ATCT Staffing
Terminal Manager	1	1
Assistant Terminal Manager	0	0
Operations Manager	0	0
Operations Supervisor	3	2
Support Manager	0	0
Staff Specialist & Support	2	1
Terminal Control Specialist	27	13
Other Terminal Personnel	0	0
Administrative Officer	11	00
Secretary	0	0
Clerical	0	0
Traffic Management Officer	0	0
Traffic Management Coordinator	0	0
Security Guards	0	0
Contract Weather Observers	0	0
US Customs Staff	0	0
Contractors	0	0
Terminal Personnel Total	34	17

1.8. ATO-W Staffing Requirements

FUNCTION	ATCT/TRACON Staffing Current Staff Level-8 Hrs of Ops = 24	Final Validated New ATCT Staffing
Tech Ops Facility Manager	0	, 0
Tech Ops SSC Manager	0	0
SPS- Systems Performance Specialist	0	0
Administrative Coordinator	0	0
Coordinator	0	1
On Site ATSS	0	0
Technical Duty Stations Techs	0	8
Tech Ops Total	. 0	9

1.9. Facility Requirements

1.9.1. **Space Allocation**

ATCT SPACE A	LLOCATION		
ROOM FUNCTION	Prop. Space	No. of Rooms	Total Space
CONTROL CAB (~2	50' to cab floo	or)	
ASDE Penthouse			0
Cab			525
CABLE ACCESS LEVEL/	CABLE ACCES	SS RING	
Approximate Gross Floor Area			1,260
Other Areas (stairs, elevator, etc)			515
Spare Equipment Room			105
Console Access Ring			640
JUNCTION	LEVEL		
Approximate Gross Floor Area			1,810
Other Areas (stairs, elevator, etc)			555
Breakroom & Corridor			395
Elevator Closet			20
Electronic Equipment			245
Restrooms (Men's and Women's)			85
Mechanical Room			490
Janitor Closet			20
PLUMBING ACC	CESS LEVEL		
Approximate Gross Floor Area			1,320
Other Areas (stairs, elevator, etc)			575
Plumbing AccessRing			745
TYPICAL SHA	FT LEVEL	region de la compa	riscour ensymmetrical cond
Approximate Gross Floor Area			580

1.9.2. Special Consideration

1.9.2.1.<u>Design</u>

- The ATCT and Base Building will be constructed with a non-occupied TRACON area.
- Validated staffing is for 21 people, however the facility will be sized to accommodate 30, which is consistent with the approximate total number of personnel required should the non-occupied TRACON area become operational in the future.
- Mechanical heating and cooling systems will be sized per the actual occupancy of the building. The empty TRACON operations room will be heated and cooled as unoccupied storage space.
- Electrical systems, including engine generator capacity, will be sized per the actual occupancy of the building.
- The TRACON operations area will be constructed with a depressed slab to accommodate future raised floor. The signal reference grid (SRG) will not be installed at the time of construction.
- All other architectural features normally associated with a TRACON operations room, such as ceiling, carpeting, consoles, etc, will not be furnished for this facility.

1.9.2.2.Means of Egress

• The ATCT will be constructed with the Standard Design Intermediate Activity Tower with one stair removed and the elevator will be used as the second means of egress.

1.9.2.3.Power System

• The new ATCT and Base Building will be provided with an Engine Generator (E/G) and UPS. Approximate size of the E/G is 300 kW.

1.10. Drawings and Specifications

1.10.1. <u>Drawings</u>

• The drawings shall be prepared using AutoCAD converting to Computer Aided Engineering Graphics (CAEG) in Bentley MicroStation format in D-Size Sheets (22" X 34"). Half Size (11" X 17") drawings shall be used for most reviews. The design shall be customized for Boise and shall utilize design elements from the Terminal Facilities Design Standard -Intermediate Activity Level Airport Traffic Control Tower (525 S.F. Cab with Dual Egress). Many drawings such as floor plans (architectural, structural, and fire safety), equipment layouts, cable plans, etc. are site specific and will be unique to Boise, Idaho. Electronic files shall be provided to FAA in accordance with the FAA CAEG standards at the 100% submittal. Specific electronic files shall also be submitted to FAA upon their request.

1.10.2. Specifications

• The specifications shall be in electronic format (Microsoft Word) using the Terminal Facilities Standard Designs Specification. Some sections of Division One shall be as required by the FAA.

2. PHYSICAL SECURITY

2.1. Asset Value

- The threat level at the Boise Airport is relatively low. The Standard Security requirements for a Security Level 2 Facility will be used.
- The facility design will include a standard security perimeter fence with 1'-0" outrigger with barbed wire and a 20 foot clear zone on the exterior of the fence. The base building is set back 300 feet from the security fence on all sides except to the east, where the fence is shared with the Idaho Air National Guard Base. The tower siting is such that it is less than 300 feet to the fence adjoining the public side at the south east of the site, and blast mitigation measures will need to be considered. Parking and driveways within the site will be set back from critical areas and the tower at least 100 feet. Security requirements will be compliant with FAA Order 1600.6C and ANM-700 recommendations. The fence details will follow the requirements set forth in FAA Order 1600.6C. Variance will be required from FAA Facility Security Specialist.
- The facility shall be designed to meet all current FAA Security Orders subject to the final configuration of the fence line and entrance driveway to the National Guard Facility.

2.2. Perimeter security

- One half of the site perimeter is adjacent to the National Guard Facility Secured Area. A new fencing will be provided at the site boundary line which will be finalized with the City of Boise.
- Chain link fencing shall be located on all sides of the site.
- The vehicle gates shall be crash resistant.
- Sufficient lighting and cameras shall be installed along the perimeter for complete closed circuit TV (CCTV) coverage of the site boundary.

2.3. Access Roadway

• The present access roadway to the site will be modified and leaving only S. Ulm Street to be the primary access road to the ATCT and adjacent National Guard Facility.

2.4. Blast Design

- Blast mitigation design is based on a predefined event at a specified distance from the point where the load is applied. The actual event varies for different conditions and is considered Security Sensitive Information and cannot be included in this report but shall be provided to the structural engineer of record.
- The ATCT and Base Building shall be designed for a blast of a pre-defined amount of TNT placed along the landside perimeter as required by applicable FAA Security Orders if required.

2.5. Additional Requirements

- All high use doors, entrance gates, and loading dock shall be monitored by CCTV with recording capability.
- All controlled access areas shall have proximity card readers. Any door leading to a high security area shall have a keypad along with the proximity card reader.
- All power for security lighting and operation of the exterior gates shall be on the engine generator.
- The Security System power shall be on the engine generator.
- Automated entrance and exit gates shall control access to the site. This shall consist of single gate for both entering and exiting purpose. FAA personnel will use proximity badges to activate the gate. Visitors and deliveries will use the intercom to contact FAA personnel inside the complex who will activate the gate if admittance is granted. The exit operation will be using pavement induction loops to activate the gate for a "free exit".
- Government owned and employee owned vehicles will be parked inside the site. All parking shall be at least 100 feet from the buildings.
- All deliveries will be to an open-air designated loading area.

3. CIVIL DESIGN BASIS

3.1. Site Description

- The site has been selected and the exact location and height of the New ATCT defined by the FAA.
- Access for all traffic is to be from the south by S. Ulm Street.
- Previously used as light industrial with low buildings and yard storage.
- Scrub vegetation, no organized landscaping worth saving.
- The site may need the addition of fill to provide positive drainage away from the buildings.

3.2. **Soils**

• A geotechnical report is being prepared which will be used to determine excavation conditions, bearing capacity and acceptability of soils for stormwater disposal.

3.3. Traffic

- Anticipated traffic to this site is for the most part passenger vehicles and light trucks.
- A loading bay will be provided for delivery trucks and the occasional tractor-trailer (WB50) unit. The heaviest vehicles visiting the site will be fuel delivery trucks.
- The General Contractor will be expected to provide for his own requirements regarding deliveries and lifting equipment, and traffic generally.
- Parking will be provided for 30 stalls with special consideration for appropriate handicapped and motorcycle stalls.

3.4. Present Use and Condition

• The site has been used as a light industrial steel fabrication shop and yard. All buildings, slabs and other improvements will be demolished and removed by the City of Boise prior assigning the ATCT and Base Building Construction Contract.

• One active power pole will be left for the Contractor's use during construction.

3.5. Utility Materials

- No unusual conditions exist requiring special consideration for materials or design.
- Water services on the site will meet AWWA requirements and local building permit standards.
- The sanitary sewer connection will meet the City of Boise Site Servicing requirements.

3.6. Existing Services

- Demands made by the project on existing facilities serving the property are relatively small.
- A watermain along the east side of the site is eight inches in diameter. Pressure and flow information is forthcoming from the utility for the mechanical engineer.
- The sanitary sewer is an eighteen inch line passing along the northern boundary within the National Guard Facility Secured area.

3.7. Treatment of Effluents

• Only domestic sewage will be discharged to the public sanitary sewer. On site treatment is not be required.

3.8. Fencing

- Two sides of the property will be enclosed using seven foot high chain link fencing surmounted with three strands of barbed wire in accordance with FAA security requirements. A 20 ft clear area outside the fence will be provided on sections not within the airport security fence.
- The site is fenced along the north and east boundary. It is anticipated that, in the interests of economy, this section of fence can be brought up to FAA standards and retained.
- An automatic gate for vehicular access and regulated man gates for pedestrians will be installed. Electronic security is being provided under the electrical requirements.

3.9. Stormwater Management

• There is no storm drainage system to the site. Boise has minimal annual precipitation of about 12 inches, which is spread uniformly throughout the year. The usual method of managing storm water is to allow it to be absorbed locally or to run off the site. If soil conditions are favourable, rock pits and drainage trenches may provide an effective and economical way of disposing of water from the ATCT roof and the parking lot.

3.10. Off Site Ductbanks

• The Draft Scope of Work Calls for a network of duct banks for a Fibre Optics Transmission System (FOTS) connecting the following FAA facilities. Existing ducts are to be used where possible.

New ATCT	43° 33' 21.07"N	116° 13' 09.34"W
ASR-11	43° 32' 58.40"N	116° 12' 46.85"W
RTR-T	43° 33' 49.65"N	116° 12' 32.50"W
10R Glide Slope	43° 34' 04.50"N	116° 14" 22.7"W
10R Localizer	43° 33' 37.02"N	116° 12' 12.03"W
Old ASR-7	43° 33' 55.50"N	116° 14' 09.70"W
(will be used as RT)	R and FOTS Node S	ite)
Centerfield Wind	(may be connected	at Old ASR-7 site)

• It is understood that much of the network exists and that only two connections are now to be considered for this Contract. Specifically, connecting the New ATCT to the existing ASR-11 facility and providing for a connection between the New ATCT and the Old ASR-7 facility. One route for the ASR-11 connection is shown on the drawings. Some alternative routes for the connection to Old ASR-7 are shown.

3.11. Contractor Facilities

• The site is large enough for the contractor to undertake normal construction operations without having to use adjacent areas. The Contractor will be expected to make his own arrangements for an off site staging area and for storage of materials and equipment.

4. ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN BASIS

4.1. General

- The purpose of this project is to construct a new Intermediate Activity Air Traffic Control Tower (ATCT) and Base Building at the Boise Airport, (BOI) Idaho, to replace the current Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Airport Traffic Control Tower. The primary architectural considerations will be based after the new standard design 525 sf intermediate ATCT standards and modified as appropriate for use at Boise. The new facility will be sized to accommodate a future TRACON facility In the event such a function is required in the future.
- The recommended location for the tower and base building site is site 4B as identified in the tower siting study. It is located at the south side of the airfield, north of the new runway. It is bounded to the east by the Idaho Air National Guard (IANG) Base and to the north by W. Harvard St. Access to the site will be from the southeast corner of the site, adjacent to the IANG public access.

4.2. Architectural Compatibility

- The design considerations for this facility consists of providing an efficient, low maintenance facility which meets the operational requirements of the airport, harmonizes with the surrounding environment, and is consistent in character with the existing and proposed airport facilities. Because a 255+ ft ATCT will be by far the dominating visual element in the area, special attention will be given to its aesthetic appearance to provide a dynamic contemporary image that clearly expresses its functional role, and yet establishes a progressive architectural direction.
- For the base building, split face masonry in light earth tones (ASR-11 building) as well as brick (IANG building) are common wall cladding materials used in the immediate area. Blue pre-finished sloped metal roofs are also a dominant architectural material used in the vicinity. However, this roof type is not compatible with the proposed design of the base building which is a "flat" (i.e.: low slope) roof. It is proposed to use split face and smooth concrete block in subdued earth tones with pre-finished ribbed metal panels and fittings in a metal platinum color to provide a visual counterpoint and overall aesthetic balance.

- For the tower, exposed cast-in-place concrete, possibly painted to visually tie in with the base building more closely, is proposed for the shaft. At the subjunction and junction levels, the proposed exterior finish is proposed to be glass fiber reinforced concrete (GFRC) panels, selected for their strength, durability, and non-reflective radar properties. The exterior material of the console access and control cab levels will be insulated composite metal panels.
- The landscape will follow "xeriscape" concepts to minimize maintenance. The term 'xeriscape' is copyrighted by the Denver Water Department and refers to landscaping designed with low water consumption in mind. Trees and bushes will be designed in a manner that will minimize hiding opportunity for individuals and bomb threats to the facility. In accordance to Federal mandates, the landscaping will include native species that do not promote bird population. Parking facilities within the perimeter security fence will be designated for employee and government vehicles only

4.3. Type of Construction

- The design considerations for this facility consists of providing an efficient, low maintenance facility which meets the operational requirements of the airport, harmonizes with the surrounding environment, and is consistent in character with the existing and proposed airport facilities.
- Proposed structural materials for the ATCT and base building will be non-combustible steel and concrete, selected for their qualities of durability/long service life, low maintenance, and efficiency/economy. Although not specifically mandated, consideration will also be given to using materials that are environmentally responsible.

4.4. **Building Insulation**

- Proposed insulation R-values are as follows: R-19 for walls and R-30 for roof areas. Foundation insulation will be min. R-10. The non-functional shaft will not be insulated, but all occupied spaces and service/elevator shafts will be insulated. Roof insulation is proposed to be closed cell polystyrene.
- R-values are based on insulation levels as set out in FAA Order 6480.7D, paragraph 112. The Architect will confirm that these insulation levels are appropriate for the climate in Boise and will adjust them accordingly if and as required.

4.5. Construction Materials and Finishes

- The base building will employ an open-web steel joist roof framing system supported at the long sides of the exterior walls and along one side of the central longitudinal corridor by reinforced concrete masonry units (CMU). The roof is proposed to be low slope 2-ply SBS membrane, with R-30 rigid roof insulation on steel deck. Interior walls will be painted gypsum board on steel stud unless concrete block is required for supporting walls. Floors will be concrete slab-on-grade.
- The exterior structure of the ATCT and Base Building will be clad with materials that will not cause adverse radar or instrument landing system (ILS) signal reflections. Exterior finish system is to be fully coordinated with FAA radar and electronics engineers. Access and maintenance of the exterior cladding system will be ensured and cladding components and assembly options will address diverse climatic conditions

4.6. Equipment List

• At this stage in the design process, equipment such as portable equipment, work benches, shelving, bins, and removal partitions have not been identified. The compilation of this equipment list will require close coordination with FAA staff.

4.7. System Finish Options

• The size of this facility does not warrant a detailed life cycle cost analysis of three different system/finish options. However, selected systems and finishes will be justified at the 35% submission stage in regards to reasons for selection.

4.8. **Space Programming**

- Refer to base building floor plan and junction level floor plan for table of rooms with programmed and areas as designed.
- At this stage in the design process, collateral equipment and furnishings have not been identified. The compilation of this list will require close coordination with FAA staff.

4.9. Water and Moisture Proofing

- The proposed roofing membrane is 2-ply SBS modified bituminous membrane roofing. A single ply EPDM membrane may also be used. The roof membrane will be fully adhered to the underlying insulation. The roofing materials will be selected to provide high reflectivity and high emissivity over the life of the product in order to maximize energy savings and minimize heat island effects. This will be achieved by incorporating a light mineral coating over the SBS membrane. Inverted roof membranes are not anticipated.
- The exterior wall system of the base building will be designed in conformance to best rain screen design principles, involving a well ventilated air space behind the exterior cladding system.
- Typical roof assembly for the base building will be 2-ply SBS or single ply EPDM membrane on R-30 rigid insulation on metal deck on open web steel joists. Typical exterior wall assembly will be 10" reinforced concrete masonry units with waterproof fully adhered membrane on the exterior face, sprayon foam plastic insulation, air space, and exterior cladding (split face concrete block or pre-finished metal panels).

4.10. Cab Glazing and Exterior Wall Construction:

- The glazing for the tower cab tower will meet FAA standards of light transmittance, thermal transmittance and low distortion. Due to the size and installed angle of the glass, the thickness of each individual pane is to be 1/2". Glass quality shall be q3 or better (ASTM C1036). Minimum light transmittance is to be 87% minimum per lite (low iron content), and visible reflectance is not to exceed 8%. Because of the thickness of glass required for structural reasons, low-E coating is not possible. Due to the requirement for low distortion, heat strengthening or laminating is also not an option. Vertical joints in the glass panels will be sealed with clear structural silicone of a type acceptable to the FAA.
- The exterior cab wall will be insulated composite metal panels above the glass. The exterior of the console access ring can be insulated composite metal panels, glass-fiber reinforced panels, or pre-cast concrete panels. Further research will be required to determine the most suitable material.
- The cab roof will be either a 2-ply SBS fully adhered membrane or a single ply EPDM, both of which are two roof membrane types with a long track record of high reliability and low maintenance.
- A mock-up of the cab exterior wall will be specified in the construction documents in order to fully assess the materials and assembly.

4.11. Local Building Authorities and Permit Procedures

- The zoning of the site is M-1 (Light Industrial). This zoning allows for the aviation facilities directly, so a rezoning process is not required. In addition, the site does not fall within a Design Review (D.R.) area, so we will not (likely) be forced to go through this process either, and instead, will only be subject to approval of a simple Building Permit, however the proposed ATCT height does exceed the M-1 zoning allowance, and hence, a "Conditional Use Permit" (CUP) will be required to permit the variance. This is a public process involving a scheduled Public Hearing. Prior to making the application, the applicant must carry out a "pre-application conference" with the Planning Dept. and a separate Public Meeting with all owners of properties within 300 ft. of the site.
- The FAA is not bound to follow the City of Boise's rules or process. However, it is recommended that any comments and concerns identified by local authorities be addressed as much as possible.

5. STRUCTURAL DESIGN BASIS

5.1. General

- The new ATCT, Base Building, and the link shall be designed per the following design guides and codes:
 - International Building Code, 2003
 - ASCE 7-02 Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures
 - ATCT Facility Design Guide, FAA 6480.7D
- The design shall be performed using software such as ETABS developed by Computers and Structures Computer analysis for the ATCT model shall be a three dimensional model.

5.2. Material Codes

- Cast-in-place concrete shall be designed in accordance with the American Concrete Institute (ACI) 318-02 *Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete*.
- Precast concrete, if required, shall be designed in accordance with the Portland Cement Institute (PCI) *Design Handbook*, 5th *Edition*.
- Structural steel shall be designed in accordance with the American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC) manual of *Steel Construction*. 9th Edition.
- Steel bar joist shall conform to the Steel Joist Institute (SJI) Standard Specification and Load Table. Roof deck, composite and non-composite floor deck shall conform to the Steel Deck Institute (SDI) Design Manual for Composite Decks, Form Decks, Roof Decks, and Cellular Metal Floor Deck with Electrical Distribution.

5.3. Standard Loading

5.3.1. Live Gravity Loads

5.3.1.1.Airport Traffic Control Tower

ASDE:

Penthouse Roof N/A
Penthouse Floor N/A

Cab:

Roof 30 psf exclusive of ASDE penthouse Floor 150 psf or 500 lbs concentrated

Ext	e Access Level erior Walkway ct Plenum	150 psf 100 psf 50 psf
Electro AT Lev	nical Room nic Equipment Level vel nae Balconies	100 psf 100 psf 100 psf 150 psf
Shaft	Stairs & Landings Elevator Lobby Mechanical Chase Electrical Chase	100 psf 100 psf 250 psf 150 psf

5.3.1.2. Base Building

Roof	30 psf (mi	nimum)
Office Areas, Lobbies, Stairs	s, Corridor	100 psf
Stair Concentrated Load On	Stringer	300 lbs
Light Storage		125 psf
Mechanical/Electrical/Equip	. Rooms	250 psf
Drawing File Room		250 psf

5.3.2. Dead Loads

• Actual self weight of building materials used with a partition allowance.

5.3.3. Wind Loads

- Wind loading shall comply with ASCE 7-02, with a 3-second gust speed of 90 mph and an exposure "C". The Occupancy Category IV is Essential Facility with an Importance Factor for wind of 1.15. Considering the possible sensitivity of the tower to dynamic wind responses, wind tunnel testing could be conducted to study the tower's dynamic response characteristics under wind load. The tower shall be modeled adequately to determine the fundamental periods of vibration in response to wind loads for design purposes.
- The tower shaft shall be designed to limit the lateral drift (story lateral deflection / story height) to 0.002.

5.3.4. Seismic Loads

- Seismic loads for Boise shall be based on short period Ss of 0.35g and SI of 0.17g. Soil profile type is expected to be Class D, very dense soil and soft rock. The design spectral response accelerations S_{DS} and S_{DI} have been determined to be 0.36g and 0.19g respectively
- The Occupancy Category IV is Essential Facility with an Importance factor for seismic of 1.50.

5.3.5. Special Loading:

- a. <u>Antennae</u>. The structure shall accommodate the support of communication antennae, ASDE, microwave antennae, and other special equipment where required.
- b. <u>Cab Glass</u>. The catwalk and roof levels shall be designed to accommodate the weight of the cab glass, window washing equipment, and other loads associated with the maintenance or replacement of the cab glass.
- c. <u>Elevators</u>. Manufacturer's load data with a 100% impact factor shall be used in the design of the elevator support.
- d. <u>ASDE</u>. ASDE penthouse will <u>not</u> be requirement for this tower.
- e. <u>Blast</u>. The ATCT is 224' inside the secured boundary. Although Blast effects from that distance is minimal, A Blast analysis will be conducted to determine the impact of Blast loads. Blast loads shall be per "Security Reference Manual Part 3", which is a supplement to the blast protection requirements of FAA Order 1600.69C. The Blast analysis will be conducted for the tower shaft only up to the junction level. *FAA Facility Security specialist to confirm the acceptance of this approach.*
- f. Missing Column Analysis. The Base Building will be a single storey building with roof structure designed to have redundant system to resist seismic requirement. Therefore a separate analysis for progressive collapse will not be necessary. FAA Facility Security specialist to confirm the acceptance of this approach.

5.3.6. Snow Loads

• Snow loads for Boise shall be based on ground snow load of 20 psf, and an Importance factor of 1.2.

5.3.7. Load Combinations

• Building component shall be designed to resist the combined effects of dead loads, live loads, and lateral loads. The most stringent load combinations from the design codes listed above would apply.

5.4. Strength of Materials

• The following is a representative list of structural materials. Final design considerations may dictate higher strength materials.

Structural Steel: ASTM A992 (Fy=50 ksi),

ASTM A572 (Fy=50 ksi)

Structural Tubing: ASTM A500 (Fy=46 ksi)

Structural & Anchor Bolts: ASTM A325

Cast-in-place Concrete: min 4000 psi, air entrained

Precast Concrete: 5000 psi, air entrained

Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615, Grade 60

Welded Wire Fabric: ASTM A185

Hollow load bearing Masonry: ASTM C90

Welding Electrodes: E70 Series

5.5. Material Selection

5.5.1. ATCT

• The structural system for the ATCT shall satisfy the architectural requirements both functionally and aesthetically. The design criteria is based on optimizing construction cost vs. long term durability, availability of skilled labor and materials, speed of erection, maintenance and Air Traffic operational requirements. The project would explore the use of cast-in-place concrete shaft with a structural steel frame for the upper floors and cab areas.

- The maximum nominal column dimensions are 12" x 12".
- Glazing mullions support the glazing panels for wind and seismic. Derivation of final wind and seismic design and glass loading shall determine the actual mullion sizes.
- The tower foundation shall be a cast-in-place concrete pad footing embedded below the ground surface.

5.5.2. Base Building

- The structural system for the Base Building shall satisfy the architectural requirements both functionally and aesthetically. The design shall take into consideration of optimizing construction cost vs. long-term maintenance costs. The distances from the Base Building to the nearest "secured boundary" are such that no blast load analysis is required.
- The ground floor shall consist of a concrete slab on grade. The roof system shall be metal deck supported on beams and girders of the rigid frames.
- The exterior of the building shall have limited openings as required for ingress and egress, as well as fire fighting. The building perimeter wall is anticipated to be concrete masonry.
- The Base Building shall be supported on shallow foundations

5.6. Structural Submittals

- Structural design calculations shall be indexed and submitted to FAA for review. All design loads shall be identified and design methods and assumptions shall be indicated. Computer output shall include input diagrams and information needed to relate the printout to the design elements.
- Structural drawings shall include a list of design loads and the strengths of materials used, including foundation capacity.

6. MECHANICAL DESIGN BASIS

6.1. General

- The mechanical engineering for the new ATCT and Base Building shall be designed per the following design guides and codes:
 - International Building Code, 2003
 - ATCT Facility Design Guide, FAA Order 6480.7D
 - 10 CFR 435 and 436 Code of Federal Regulation
 - Mechanical Engineering Design and Life Cycle Cost (O & M) Guideline For ATCT and TRACON Facilities", (draft) revised December 8, 2006.

6.2. Basis of Design – HVAC Systems

• Three Central Station HVAC Options will be considered and evaluated under a Life Cycle Cost (LLC) Analysis with a summary will be presented at the 35% submission, listed as:

6.2.1. **System 1:**

• Packaged air-cooled chilled water plant with variable speed pumping, central station variable volume air handling unit, air volume terminal units with hot water reheat coils and natural gas heating water boilers. The Tower systems will be served by a four-pipe fan coil system. The Base-Building TRACON and Equipment Rooms will be served by up to three (3) chilled water computer room air conditioning (CRAC) units with N + 1 redundancy.

6.2.2. System 2:

• Same as System 1 above except replace the packaged air-cooled chiller plant with a water-to-water heat pump system in the central station air handler and an outdoor industrial fluid cooler (closed system) with spray coil capacity. The Tower systems will be distributed water-cooled heat pumps. The Base-Building TRACON and Equipment Rooms will be served by up to three (3) water cooled CRAC units with N + 1 redundancy.

6.2.3. **System 3:**

• Same as System 2 above except replace the hot water boiler system reheat coils and air handling preheat coils with electric coils.

6.3. <u>HVAC – Design Conditions</u>

6.3.1. Tower Design Occupancy

- Hours Occupied: 24 hours/day 7 days per week
- 6 persons on duty in the cab.
- Break Room sized for up to 6 persons.

6.3.2. <u>Base Building Design Occupancy</u>

• Hours Occupied: 24 hours/day – 7 days per week.

6.3.3. <u>Cooling and Heating Design Conditions</u>

6.3.3.1.Summer Outside Design Temperatures

For building loads:

- 96 degrees FDB (0.4%) annual ASHRAE 2001)
- 63 degrees FWB (1% annual mean coincident wb ASHRAE 2001)

6.3.3.2. Winter Outside Design Temperatures

For building loads:

• 2 degrees FDB (99.6% annual ASHRAE 2001)

6.3.3.3. Wind (Heating/Design Conditions)

- Winter 6 miles per hour Mean Wind Speed, primary wind direction 130 degrees (99.6% annual ASHRAE 2001)
- Coldest Month Wind Speed 22 miles per hour, 37 degrees FDB [Mean coincident] (0.4% annual ASHRAE 2001)
- Extreme Wind Speed 24 miles per hour (1% annual ASHRAE 2001)

6.3.3.4.Site Location

- Latitude (N) 43.57 degrees
- Longitude (W) 116.22 degrees
- Elevation above sea level, 2867 feet

6.3.3.5.<u>Inside Design Temperatures – HVAC</u>

- Summer -72 ± 3 degrees FDB
- Winter 68 degrees FDB, 30% to 70% RH (Critical Spaces 73° FDB ± 2 degrees 35 to 60% RH ± 5%)

6.3.3.6. Ventilation

- The building design ventilation rates:
- Toilet rooms, janitor closet 8 air changes/hour minimum (2 CFM per sq.ft.)
- Occupied Areas: 20 CFM/person

6.3.4. HVAC System Design – Calculations

• Cooling load and heating load calculations have been run using Carrier E20-II, HAP V4, 30 (2005) software for six (6) zones of the facility as follows:

		Los	ads
Zone #	Area	Cooling Tons	Heating MBH
1	Base Building & Link	18.0	159.0
2	Future TRACON & Equipment Rooms	30.0	8.8
3	Tower – First Floor to Plumbing Access Level	4.8	101.3
4	Tower – Junction Level	7.5	14.7
5	Tower – Console Access Level	6.4	10.8
6	Tower – Controls	9.1	57.4
	TOTALS	75.8	352.0
	Zone #2 add (See NOTE 2 below)	N/A	30.0
	TOTAL	75.8	382.0

Notes:

- 1. The Zone #1 Base-Building and Link calculation is based on a single V.A.V. zone for preliminary estimate only. Final V.A.V. zone calculations will be submitted at the 35% stage.
- 2. The Zone #2 Future TRACON and Equipment Room heating load calculation is the net heating load (i.e. heating credit included for electrical equipment load). Add 30MBH for plant sizing.

6.3.5. Major HVAC Equipment – Design Description

6.3.5.1.System 1:

Based on the preliminary Design Calculations, the following major equipment components are proposed:

- 2 50 Ton air-cooled scroll chillers located outdoors ongrade sized to service a total building peak cooling load of 75 Tons. Operating one (1) chiller on emergency power will service the peak 'critical equipment' cooling load of approximately 50 Tons. Chilled water piping distribution to the main air handling unit chilled water coil and the future TRACON / Equipment Room CRAC units are served by a duplex set of chilled water variable speed pumps, sized at 100% flow each. These primary pumps will also serve the Tower four-pipe fan coils via a plate-type heat exchanger located on Level 2 (56 feet above grade) of the Tower to minimize system water pressure at the chiller plant.
- The main V.A.V. air handling unit serving the Base Building Administration area and Link will be sized at approximately 10,000 CFM and shall be complete with a 100% enthalpy controlled economizer, cooling coil, preheat coil and filter section.
- The main chilled water plant is sized to deliver chilled water to three (3) 15-Ton CRAC units (N + 1) for the fitout of the future TRACON and Equipment Rooms. The units will be down-discharge airflow units (24" raised floor) complete with humidifiers and reheat.
- The heating load for the facility of approximately 380 MBH will be served by two (2) 300 MBH fully condensing gasfired boilers.
- The Tower Cab and Equipment Levels will be served by four-pipe fan coil units complete with local minimum outdoor air intakes and electric / steam humidifiers. All critical areas will be provided with 100% standby equipment.
- A building direct digital control system will be provided with point selections in accordance with the Mechanical Engineering Design Guideline.

6.3.5.2.<u>System 2 and System 3:</u>

• These two HVAC options are modified versions of System 1. The 35% design submission will include a LCC evaluation and recommendation.

6.3.6. Energy Analysis

• A preliminary total building energy analysis for both gas and electricity is included in this submission using software Carrier E20-II, HAP Version 4.3 (2005) with actual utility rates. System 1 HVAC equipment selections were used for the energy simulation. Internal electronic equipment loads were simulated at 100% capacity under a 24 hour, 7 day schedule. The simulation model will be refined for all three (3) HVAC System types in the LCC analysis for final HVAC System type selection.

6.4. Plumbing Systems

6.4.1. **Domestic Water**

- A 4" municipal water connection for domestic water use will be fed from the 8" municipal water main to the east of the site on South Ulm St. The installation will be complete with shut off valve and water meter chamber to the local utility standard.
- The mechanical room will be the entry point for the water service. Domestic water piping throughout the Base Building will be at city water pressure and the Tower cold water delivered by a duplex booster pump system controlled by system pressure.
- Domestic hot water will be provided by electric point of use elements at each fixture.

6.4.2. Sanitary Drainage

• The sanitary drainage system for the facility will be connected to an 18" municipal connection manhole approximately 350 feet north of the building on West Harvard St.

6.4.3. Storm Drainage

• Scupper type roof drains will be provided for the Base Building and will be externally piped to grade. Tower roof drains (control flow) will be piped internal to grade. Total annual rainfall for Boise is 12" per year. There is no municipal storm drainage system.

6.4.4. Plumbing Fixtures

• Plumbing fixtures are shown on the architectural plans with quantities calculated as per the IBC with counts summarized as:

Water Closets	6
Lavatory Sinks	6
Urinals	1
Showers	2
Kitchen Sinks	3

• (equal women's and men's fixture counts (except urinals) for washrooms.)

6.5. Preliminary Total Building Energy Analysis

6.5.1. <u>V.A.V. System Calculation</u>

6.5.1.1. V.A.V. System Input Data

1. General Details: Air System Name Equipment Type Air System Type Number of zones .					Chilled V	Water AHU	
2. System Compone Ventilation Air Data: Airflow Control Ventilation Sizing Minimum Airflow Unocc. Damper Po Damper Leak Rate Outdoor Air CO2 L	Method			Sum of	Space O.	A Airflows 0 Closed 0	% % ppm
Preheat Coil Data: Setpoint Heating Source Schedule Coil position					JFMAM	Hot Water	°F
Central Cooling Dat Supply Air Temper Coil Bypass Factor Cooling Source Schedule Capacity Control	ature				Chi	0.100 Illed Water IJJASOND	°F
Supply Fan Data: Fan Type Configuration Fan Performance Overall Efficiency						Draw-thru 0.00	in wg %
% Airflow	100	90	80	70	60	50	
% kW	100	91	81	72	61	54	
% Airflow	40	30	20	10	0	1	
% kW	46	40	33	27	21	1	
Duct System Data: Supply Duct Data: Duct Heat Gain Duct Leakage Return Duct or Plen Return Air Via	um Data	:				0	% %

Zone	1: Zone 1		T		
	BUILDING			x1	
	o Tower			x1	
		-1	<u>'</u>		
	stats and Zone D			,	VII.
Heatin	ng T-stat: Occ			68	.0 °F
Direct	EXHAUST FAIT KVV				.0 KVV
Unoco	cupied Cooling is			Availab	le
	erminals Data:				
			VAV		CEM/para
Minimu	um Airriow			0.00	CFM/pers
			Electri		
Rehea	t Coil Schedule		JFM	AMJJASOND	
Zone He	ating Units:				
Zone F	Heating Unit Type			None	
Zone U	Jnit Heat Source			Hot Water	
Zone F	leating Unit Sched	ule	JFM	AMJJASOND	
1. Sizina	Data (Computer-	Generated):			
System !	Sizing Data:				
					CFM
Ventila	ition Airflow			600.0	CFM
	Sizing Specifica				
					°F
Hot Wa	ater Delta-T			20.0	°F
Safety Fa	actors:				
					%
	er .				%
Heatin	g			0	%
Zone Siz	ing Data:				
			Peak zone s		
Space	Airflow Sizing Met	hod	Individual peak	space loads	
	Supply Airflow	Zone Htg Unit	Reheat Coil		\neg
Zone					
Zone	(CFM)	(MBH)	(MBH)	(CFM)	

5. Equipment Data No Equipment Data required for this system.

6.5.1.2.Zone Sizing Summary for V.A.V.

Air System Information Air System Name	Number of zones
Equipment Class CW AHU	Floor Area
Air System TypeVAV	Location Boise, Idaho
Sizing Calculation Information	
Zone and Space Sizing Method:	
Zone CFM Peak zone sensible load	Calculation Months Jan to Dec
Space CFMIndividual peak space loads	Sizing Data Calculated
Zone Sizing Data	

	Maximum	Design	Minimum	Time	Maximum	Zone	
	Cooling	Air	Air	of	Heating	Floor	
	Sensible	Flow	Flow	Peak	Load	Area	Zon
Zone Name	(MBH)	(CFM)	(CFM)	Load	(MBH)	(ft²)	CFM/fi
Zone 1	208.3	12595	600	Jul 1800	75.7	10093.0	1.2

		Reheat	Zone	Zone	
	Reheat	Coil	Htg	Htg	Mixing
	Coil	Water	Coil	Water	Box Fan
	Load	gpm	Load	gpm	Airflow
Zone Name	(MBH)	@ 20.0 °F	(MBH)	@ 20.0 °F	(CFM)
Zone 1	83.3	-	0.0	0.00	0

Space Loads and Airflows

		Cooling	Time	Air	Heating	Floor	
Zone Name /		Sensible	of	Flow	Load	Area	Space
Space Name	Mult.	(MBH)	Load	(CFM)	(MBH)	(ft²)	CFM/ft ²
Zone 1							
BASEBUILDING	1	204.6	Jul 1800	12372	69.5	9713.0	1.27
Link to Tower	1	4.1	Jul 0000	249	6.2	380.0	0.66

6.5.1.3. Air System Design Load Summary for V.A.V.

	D	ESIGN COOLIN	G	DESIGN HEATING			
	COOLING DATA	AT Jul 1700		HEATING DATA AT DES HTG			
	COOLING OA D	B/WB 93.0 °F	/ 62.0 °F	HEATING OA D	0.2 °F		
		Sensible	Latent		Sensible	Latent	
ZONE LOADS	Details	(BTU/hr)	(BTU/hr)	Details	(BTU/hr)	(BTU/hr)	
Window & Skylight Solar Loads	420 ft²	23312	-	420 ft²	-	-	
Wall Transmission	6203 ft²	7378	-	6203 ft²	22846	-	
Roof Transmission	10093 ft²	14423	-	10093 ft²	28634	-	
Window Transmission	420 ft²	4691	-	420 ft²	18021	-	
Skylight Transmission	0 ft²	0	-	0 ft²	0	-	
Door Loads	312 ft²	1608	-	312 ft²	6178	-	
Floor Transmission	10093 ft²	0	-	10093 ft²	0	-	
Partitions	0 ft²	0	-	0 ft²	0	-	
Ceiling	0 ft²	0	-	0 ft²	0	-	
Overhead Lighting	12112 W	41324	-	0	0	-	
Task Lighting	0 W	0	-	0	0	-	
Electric Equipment	31500 W	107478	-	0	0	-	
People	30	7350	6150	0	0	0	
Infiltration	-	0	0	-	0	0	
Miscellaneous	-	0	0	-	0	0	
Safety Factor	0% / 0%	0	0	0%	0	0	
>> Total Zone Loads	-	207564	6150	-	75678	0	
Zone Conditioning	-	201485	6150	-	70025	0	
Plenum Wall Load	0%	0	-	0	0	-	
Plenum Roof Load	0%	0	-	0	0	-	
Plenum Lighting Load	0%	0	-	0	0	-	
Return Fan Load	10653 CFM	0	-	600 CFM	0	-	
Ventilation Load	507 CFM	9145	-6339	29 CFM	1759	0	
Supply Fan Load	10653 CFM	0	-	600 CFM	0	-	
Space Fan Coil Fans	-	0	-	-	0	-	
Duct Heat Gain / Loss	0%	0	-	0%	0	-	
>> Total System Loads	-	210629	-189	-	71784	0	
Central Cooling Coil	-	210629	0	-	-4230	0	
Preheat Coil	-	0	-	-	0		
Terminal Reheat Coils	-	0	-	-	76014	-	
>> Total Conditioning	-	210629	0	-	71784	0	
Key:		e values are clg			e values are htg	•	
	Negativ	e values are ht	gloads	Negativ	ve values are clo	gloads	

6.5.2. FC System Calculation

6.5.2.1.FC System Input Data

Air System Name Equipment Type . Air System Type . Air System Type . Number of zones Ventilation					Term 4-Pip	ninal Units e Fan Coil 5	
2. Ventilation Syste Ventilation Air Data Airflow Control Ventilation Sizing I Unocc. Damper Po Damper Leak Rate Outdoor Air CO2 I Heating Coil Data:	Method osition eevel			Sum of	Space O/	A Airflows Closed 0 400	ppm
Setpoint	a:				JFMAM	Hot Water JJASOND rd Curved Draw-thru 0.00	in wg
% Airflow	100	90	80	70	60	50	
% kW	100	91	81	72	61	54	
% Airflow % kW	40 46	30 40	20 33	10 27	0 21		
Duct System Data: Return Duct or Plen Return Air Via		-			Duct	ed Return	

3. Zone Components: Space Assignments:

Zone 1: Zone 2	
TRACON & EQUIPMENT RM	x1
Zone 2: Zone 3	
Tower-base	x1
Zone 3: Zone 4	
Tower-Junction Level	x1
Zone 4: Zone 5	
Tower - Console Level	x1
Zone 5: Zone 6	
Tower - Control Cab	x1

Thermost	tate	and 7	Zono.	Data
THEITHUS	unta	anu z	OHE	Data.

Zone	All	
Cooling T-stat: Occ.	72.0	°F
Cooling T-stat: Unocc.		
Heating T-stat: Occ		
Heating T-stat: Unocc.		
T-stat Throttling Range		
Thermostat Schedule	tstat	
Unoccupied Cooling is	Available	

Common Terminal Unit Data:

Cooling Coil:

ooming com		
Design Supply Temperature	55.0	°F
Coil Bypass Factor	0.100	
Cooling Source	Chilled Water	

Schedule	
Heating Coil: Design Supply Temperature	۰F
Heating Source Hot Water Schedule JEMANUASOND	

Fan Control Fan On Terminal Units Data

Ferminal Units Data:		
Zone	All	
Terminal Type	Fan Coil	
Minimum Airflow	0.00	CFM/person
Fan Performance	0.00	in wg
Fan Overall Efficiency	50	%

4. Sizing Data (Computer-Generated): System Sizing Data:

0
۰
۰
%
%
%

Zone	Supply Airflow (CFM)	Zone Htg Unit (MBH)	Reheat Coil (MBH)	Ventilation (CFM)
1	21714.6	-	-	80.0
2	3782.2	-	-	0.0
3	5326.8	-	-	100.0
4	4658.9	-	-	0.0
5	6660.5	-	-	100.0

5. Equipment Data No Equipment Data required for this system.

6.5.2.2.Zone Sizing Summary for FC

Air System Information

Air System Name	FC	Number of zones
Equipment Class	TERM	Floor Area
Air System Type		Location
Sizing Calculation Information		
Zone and Space Sizing Method		
Zone CFMSum (Calculation Months
Space CFMIndivid	ual peak space loads	Sizing Data

Zone Sizing Data

	Maximum	Design	Minimum	Time	Maximum	Zone	
	Cooling	Air	Air	of	Heating	Floor	
	Sensible	Flow	Flow	Peak	Load	Area	Zone
Zone Name	(MBH)	(CFM)	(CFM)	Load	(MBH)	(ft²)	CFM/ft ²
Zone 2	359.1	21715	21715	Jul 0000	8.8	1867.0	11.63
Zone 3	62.5	3782	3782	Jul 1900	101.3	721.0	5.25
Zone 4	88.1	5327	5327	Aug 1500	14.7	2028.0	2.63
Zone 5	77.0	4659	4659	Sep 1500	10.8	1351.0	3.45
Zone 6	110.1	6660	6660	Aug 1600	57.4	661.0	10.08

.....5 ... 6628.0 ft² Boise, Idaho

... Jan to Dec ... Calculated

Terminal Unit Sizing Data - Cooling

	Total	Sens	Coil	Coil	Water	Time
	Coil			Leaving		of
	Load	Load	DB / WB	DB / WB	@ 10.0 °F	Peak
Zone Name	(MBH)	(MBH)	(°F)	(°F)	(gpm)	Load
Zone 2	360.2	360.2	74.0 / 57.8	56.9 / 51.4	72.07	Jul 1600
Zone 3	57.8	57.8	74.3 / 59.2	58.6 / 53.4	11.57	Jul 1900
Zone 4	90.1	90.1	74.7 / 58.5	57.3 / 52.0	18.02	Aug 1400
Zone 5	76.9	76.9	74.2 / 58.9	57.3 / 52.6	15.39	Aug 1500
Zone 6	109.7	109.7	74.8 / 57.6	57.9 / 51.1	21.96	Aug 1600

Terminal Unit Sizing Data - Heating, Fan, Ventilation

	Heating Coil Load	Heating Coil Ent/Lvg DB	Water			Fan Motor	OA Vent Design Airflow
Zone Name	(MBH)	(°F)	(gpm)	(CFM)	(BHP)	(kW)	(CFM)
Zone 2	9.2	68.4 / 68.8	0.92	21715	0.000	0.000	80
Zone 3	97.7	66.0 / 92.5	9.78	3782	0.000	0.000	0
Zone 4	14.5	67.9 / 70.7	1.45	5327	0.000	0.000	100
Zone 5	10.8	68.1 / 70.5	1.08	4659	0.000	0.000	0
Zone 6	56.9	67.6 / 76.4	5.70	6660	0.000	0.000	100

Space Loads and Airflows

		Cooling	Time	Air	Heating	Floor	
Zone Name /		Sensible	of	Flow	Load	Area	Space
Space Name	Mult.	(MBH)	Load	(CFM)	(MBH)	(ft²)	CFM/ft
Zone 2							
TRACON & EQUIPMENT RM	1	359.1	Jul 0000	21715	8.8	1867.0	11.63
Zone 3							
Tower-base	1	62.5	Jul 1900	3782	101.3	721.0	5.25
Zone 4							
Tower-Junction Level	1	88.1	Aug 1500	5327	14.7	2028.0	2.60
Zone 5							
Tower - Console Level	1	77.0	Sep 1500	4659	10.8	1351.0	3.45
Zone 6							
Tower - Control Cab	1	110.1	Aug 1600	6660	57.4	661.0	10.0

6.5.2.3.Air System Design Load Summary for FC

	D	ESIGN COOLIN	G		ESIGN HEATING	G
	COOLING DATA AT Jul 1700			HEATING DATA	AT DES HTG	
	COOLING OA D	B / WB 93.0 °F	/ 62.0 °F	HEATING OA D	B/WB 2.0 °F/	0.2 °F
		Sensible	Latent		Sensible	Laten
ZONE LOADS	Details	(BTU/hr)	(BTU/hr)	Details	(BTU/hr)	(BTU/hr
Window & Skylight Solar Loads	1404 ft²	67731		1404 ft²		
Wall Transmission	26351 ft²	56313		26351 ft²	104983	
Roof Transmission	2528 ft²	3613	-	2528 ft²	7172	
Window Transmission	1404 ft ²	16471	-	1404 ft²	63278	
Skylight Transmission	0 ft²	0		0 ft²	0	
Door Loads	0 ft²	0		0 ft²	0	
Floor Transmission	2588 ft²	0	-	2588 ft²	0	
Partitions	0 ft²	0		0 ft²	0	
Ceiling	0 ft²	0		0 ft²	0	
Overhead Lighting	4848 W	16541		0	0	
Task Lighting	0 W	0		0	0	
Electric Equipment	134900 W	460277		0	0	
People	14	3430	2870	0	0	(
Infiltration	-	0	0		0	(
Miscellaneous	-	0	0		0	(
Safety Factor	10% / 10%	62438	287	10%	17543	(
>> Total Zone Loads	-	686814	3157	-	192977	
Zone Conditioning	-	679079	3157		189653	(
Plenum Wall Load	0%	0		0	0	
Plenum Roof Load	0%	0		0	0	
Plenum Lighting Load	0%	0		0	0	
Exhaust Fan Load	280 CFM	0		280 CFM	0	
Ventilation Load	280 CFM	5085	-1835	280 CFM	17949	
Ventilation Fan Load	280 CFM	0		280 CFM	0	
Space Fan Coil Fans	-	0			0	
Duct Heat Gain / Loss	0%	0		0%	0	
>> Total System Loads	-	684163	1322	-	207603	
Heating Coil	-	0			18520	
Terminal Unit Cooling	-	684163	0	-	0	
Terminal Unit Heating	-	0			189082	
>> Total Conditioning	-	684163	0	-	207603	
Key:	Positiv	ve values are clç	loads	Positiv	e values are htg	loads
				Negative values are htg loads Negative values are clg loads		

6.5.3. Space Input Data

6.5.3.1.Base Building

1. General Details:

Floor Area	9713.0	ft²			
Avg. Ceiling Height	14.0	ft			
Building Weight					
1.1. OA Ventilation Requirement	nts:				
Space Usage	User-Defined				
OA Requirement 1	20.0	CFM/person			
OA Requirement 2	0.00				
Space Usage Defaults	ASHRAE Std 62-2001				
2. Internals:					
2.1. Overhead Lighting:			2.4. People:		
Fixture Type	Recessed (Unvented)		Occupancy	30.0	People
Wattage	1.20	W/ft²	Activity Level	Office Work	
Ballast Multiplier	1.00		Sensible		
Schedule	Sample Schedule		Latent	205.0	BTU/hr/perso
			Schedule	Sample Schedule	
2.2. Task Lighting:			2.5. Miscellaneous Loads:		
Wattage	0.00	W/ft²	Sensible		BTU/hr
Schedule	None		Schedule	Sample Schedule	
			Latent	0	BTU/hr
			Schedule	None	
2.3. Electrical Equipment:					
Wattage	31500.0	Watts			
Schedule	Sample Schedule				
	•				
3. Walls, Windows, Doors:					

Exp.	Wall Gross Area (ft²)	Window 1 Qty.	Window 2 Qty.	Door 1 Qty.
NNW	1123.0	8	0	1
WSW	2022.0	9	0	6
SSE	1123.0	0	0	1
ENE	1289.4	4	0	5

3.1. Construction Types for Exposure NNW Wall Type, Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

wall type	Face Drick + K-14 Do	alu + o nw c	Officiete Diock
1st Windov	w Type	4' W Standard	d Dbl Glazed
Door Type			Metal Door

4. Roofs, Skylights:

Exp.	Roof Gross Area (ft²)	Roof Slope (deg.)	Skylight Qty.
Н	9713.0	0	0

4.1. Construction Types for Exposure H Roof Type .. Built-up Roof + R-14 Board + 8" LW Concrete

Design Cooling	0.20	ACH
Design Heating	0.20	ACH
Energy Analysis	0.00	CEN

Infiltration occurs only when the fan is off.

6. Floors: Type Slab Floor On G	rada	
Floor Area 97 Total Floor U-Value 0	13.0	
Exposed Perimeter Edge Insulation R-Value	. 0.0	ft

7. Partitions: (No partition data).

6.5.3.2.Equipment Room & Future TRAC ON

Occupancy Activity Level ...

2.5. Miscellaneous Loads:

Latent . Schedule .

Sensible ... Schedule ...

Schedule

Floor Area	ft²
Avg. Ceiling Height	ft
Building Weight 70.0	lb/ft²
1.1. OA Ventilation Requirements:	
Space Usage User-Defined	
OA Requirement 1 20.0	
OA Requirement 2 0.00	CEM/ 02
Space Usage Defaults ASHRAE Std 62-2001	CITIVEIL

1. General Details

Fixture Type	Recessed (Unvented)
Wattage	0.00 W/f
Ballast Multiplier	
Schedule	None

2.2. Task Lighting: Wattage Schedule ... 0.00 W/ft² None

2.3. Electrical Equipment: . 94000.0 Watts

3. Walls, Windows, Doors:

Schedule .

Exp.	Wall Gross Area (ft²)	Window 1 Qty.	Window 2 Qty.	Door 1 Qty.
W	732.0	0	0	0

Sample Schedule

3.1. Construction Types for Exposure W
Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

Exp.	Roof Gross Area (ft²)	Roof Slope (deg.)	Skylight Qty.
Н	1867.0	0	0

61-b 51--- 0-- 6---d-

4.1. Construction Types for Exposure H Roof Type .. Built-up Roof + R-14 Board + 8" LW Concrete

5. Infiltration:

Design Cooling	0.20	ACH
Design Heating	0.20	ACH
Energy Analysis	0.00	CFM
Infiltration occurs only when the fan is off		

6. Floors:

Type	Slab Floor On Grade	
Floor Area	1867.0 ft ²	
Total Floor U-Value	0.100 BT	U/(hr-ft²-°F)
Exposed Perimeter	0.0 ft	
Edge Insulation R-Value	0.00 (hr	-ft²-°F)/BTU

7. Partitions: (No partition data).

6.5.3.3.Link to Tower

1. General Details: Floor Area	380.0	ft²	
Avg. Ceiling Height	14.0	ft	
Building Weight	70.0	lb/ft²	
1.1. OA Ventilation Require			
Space Usage	User-Defined		
OA Requirement 1	20.0	CFM/person	
OA Requirement 2	0.00	CFM/ft²	
Space Usage Defaults	ASHRAE Std 62-2001		
2. Internals:			
2.1. Overhead Lighting:			2.4. People:
	Recessed (Unvented)		Occupancy
Wattage	1.20	W/ft²	Activity Level
Ballast Multiplier	1.00		Sensible
Schedule	Sample Schedule		Latent
			Schedule

2.5. Miscellaneous Loads:

Sensible ... Schedule ...

Schedule		Sample Schedule	
2.2. Task Li	ghting:		
Wattage .		0.00	W/ft ²
Schedule		None	

2.3. Electrical Equipment:		
Wattage	0.00	W/
Schedule	None	

3. Walls, Windows, Doors:

.. 4.0 People

. 245.0 BTU/hr/person

. 205.0 BTU/hr/person

... 0 BTU/hr

... 0 BTU/hr

. Office Work

Sample Schedule

Exp.	Wall Gross Area (ft²)	Window 1 Qty.	Window 2 Qty.	Door 1 Qty.
NNW	689.0	0	0	0
SSE	689.0	0	0	0

3.1. Construction Types for Exposure NNW
Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

3.2. Construction Types for Exposure SSE
Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

4. Roofs, Skylights:

Exp.	Roof Gross Area (ft²)	Roof Slope (deg.)	Skylight Qty.
Н	380.0	0	0

4.1. Construction Types for Exposure H
Roof Type .. Built-up Roof + R-14 Board + 8" LW Concrete

Design Cooling	0.20	AC
	0.20	ACI
Energy Analysis	0.00	CFN
Infiltration occurs only when the fan is off.		

), I 10015.		
Type	Slab Floor On Grade	
Floor Area	380.0	ft²
Total Floor U-Value	0.100	BTU/(hr-ft2-°F)
Exposed Perimeter	0.0	ft
Edge Insulation R-Value	0.00	(hr-ft2-°F)/BTU

7. Partitions: (No partition data).

6.5.3.4. Tower First Level

	721.0		
Avg. Ceiling Height	120.0	ft	
Building Weight	70.0		
1.1. OA Ventilation Requirer	nents:		
Space Usage	User-Defined		
OA Requirement 1	20.0	CFM/person	
	0.00		
Space Usage Defaults	ASHRAE Std 62-2001		
2. Internals:			
2.1. Overhead Lighting:			2.4. People:
	Recessed (Unvented)		Occupancy
	0.0ó	W/ft²	Activity Level
	1.00		Sensible
Schedule	None		Latent
			Schedule
2.2. Task Lighting:			2.5. Miscellaneous Loads:
	0.00	W/ft²	Sensible
	None		Schedule
			Letent

2.3. Electrical Equipment:		
Wattage	0.00	١
Schedule	None	

Occupancy	0.0	Person
Activity Level Office W	ork/	
Sensible	45.0	BTU/hr/pers
Latent	05.0	BTU/hr/pers
Schedule No	one	
2.5. Minnellandon Landa.		
2.5. Miscellaneous Loads:		
Sensible		BTU/hr
Schedule No	one	
Latent	0	BTU/hr
O - b d - d -		

3. Walls, Windows, Doors:

... 0.0 Person

.. 205.0 BTU/hr/person .. None

... 0 BTU/hr

.. None

Exp.	Wall Gross Area (ft²)	Window 1 Qty.	Window 2 Qty.	Door 1 Qty.
NW	2855.0	0	0	0
N	2855.0	0	0	0
NE	2855.0	0	0	0
Е	2855.0	0	0	0
SE	2855.0	0	0	0
s	2855.0	0	0	0
SW	2855.0	0	0	0
W	2855.0	0	0	0

3.1. Construction Types for Exposure NW
Wall Type . Stucco + 4" HW Concrete Block + R-14 Board

3.2. Construction Types for Exposure N
Wall Type . Stucco + 4" HW Concrete Block + R-14 Board

3.3. Construction Types for Exposure NE Wall Type . Stucco + 4" HW Concrete Block + R-14 Board

3.4. Construction Types for Exposure E Wall Type . Stucco + 4" HW Concrete Block + R-14 Board

3.6. Construction Types for Exposure S Wall Type . Stucco + 4" HW Concrete Block + R-14 Board

3.7. Construction Types for Exposure SW Wall Type . Stucco + 4" HW Concrete Block + R-14 Board

3.8. Construction Types for Exposure W
Wall Type . Stucco + 4" HW Concrete Block + R-14 Board

4. Roofs, Skylights: (No Roof or Skylight data).

5. Infiltration:

Design Cooling 200.00	CEM
Design Heating	CFM
Energy Analysis 0.00	CFM
Infiltration occurs only when the fan is off.	

6. Floors:

Type Slab Flo	or on Grade	
Floor Area	721.0	ft ²
Total Floor U-Value	0.100	BTU/(hr-ft2-°F
Exposed Perimeter	0.0	ft `
Edge Insulation R-Value	0.00	(hr-ft2-°F)/BTU

Slab Floor On Crado

7. Partitions:

6.5.3.5.Tower - Junction Level

Sample Schedule

General Details:		
Floor Area	2028.0	ft²
Avg. Ceiling Height	12.8	ft
Building Weight		
1.1. OA Ventilation Requirements:		
Space Usage	User-Defined	
OA Requirement 1	20.0	CFM/persor
OA Requirement 2	0.00	CFM/ft ²
Space Usage Defaults ASI	HRAE Std 62-2001	

2. Internals: 2.1. Overhead Lighting: Fixture Type 1.20 W/ft² Wattage Ballast Multiplier

2.2. Task Lighting: . 0.00 W/ft² Wattage ... Schedule

2.3. Electrical Equipment: 17000.0 Watts Schedule Sample Schedule

Occupancy	5.0	People
Activity Level	Office Work	
Sensible	245.0	BTU/hr/perso
Latent		BTU/hr/perso
Schedule	Sample Schedule	

2.4. People

2.5. Miscellaneous Loads: . 0 BTU/hr Sensible ... Schedule . Sample Schedule . 0 BTU/hr None Schedule

3. Walls, Windows, Doors:

Schedule .

Exp.	Wall Gross Area (ft²)	Window 1 Qty.	Window 2 Qty.	Door 1 Qty.
NW	173.0	0	0	0
N	333.0	0	0	0
NE	173.0	0	0	0
Е	333.0	4	0	0
SE	173.0	0	0	0
S	333.0	4	0	0
SW	173.0	2	0	0
W	333.0	0	0	0

...... 3' W Dbl Glazed

3.1. Construction Types for Exposure NW Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

3.2. Construction Types for Exposure N Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

3.3. Construction Types for Exposure NE
Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block 1st Window Type

3.5. Construction Types for Exposure SE
Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

1st Window Type

3.8. Construction Types for Exposure W
Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

4. Roofs, Skylights: (No Roof or Skylight data).

5. Infiltration:

Design Cooling	0.00	CFN
Design Heating		
Energy Analysis	0.00	CFN
Infiltration occurs only when the fan is off.		

6. Floors:

Floor Above Conditioned Space (No additional input required for this floor type).

(No partition data).

6.5.3.6. Tower - Console Access Level

1351.0 ft² .. 12.8 ft .. 70.0 lb/ft² Building Weight . 1.1. OA Ventilation Space Usage 20.0 CFM/person 0.00 CFM/ft² ... ASHRAE Std 62-2001 OA Requirement 1 OA Requirement 2 Space Usage Defaults ... 2. Internals: 2.1. Overhead Lighting: Fixture Type Recessed (Unvented) Wattage Ballast Multiplier 1.20 W/ft² Schedule Sample Schedule 2.2. Task Lighting: . 0.00 W/ft²

2.4. People:		
Occupancy	0.0	Person
Activity Level	Office Work	
Sensible	245.0	BTU/hr/person
Latent	205.0	BTU/hr/person
Schedule	Sample Schedule	

Sensible	0 BTU
Schedule	Sample Schedule
Latent	0 BTU
Schedule	None

3. Walls, Windows, Doors:

2.3. Electrical Equipmen

Wattage ... Schedule .

Exp.	Wall Gross Area (ft²)	Window 1 Qty.	Window 2 Qty.	Door 1 Qty.
NW	89.8	0	0	0
N	174.0	0	0	0
NE	89.8	0	0	0
E	174.0	4	0	0
SE	89.8	0	0	0
S	174.0	4	0	0
SW	89.8	2	0	0
W	174.0	0	0	0

Sample Schedule

15500.0 Watts

3.1. Construction Types for Exposure NW Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

3.2. Construction Types for Exposure N
Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

3.3. Construction Types for Exposure NE Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

3.4. Construction Types for Exposure E
Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

3.5. Construction Types for Exposure SE Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

3.6. Construction Types for Exposure S
Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

3.8. Construction Types for Exposure W
Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block

4. Roofs, Skylights: (No Roof or Skylight data).

5. Infiltration: Design Cooling . 0.00 CFM Energy Analysis 0.00 CFM Infiltration occurs only when the fan is off.

6. Floors:

Туре Floor Above Conditioned Space (No additional input required for this floor type).

7. Partitions:

(No partition data).

6.5.3.7.Tower - Control Cab Level

I. General	Details:	9713.0	n-2			
Avg. Cei	ling Height	14.0	t			
Building	Weight	70.0	b/ft²			
Space U	ntilation Requirements: sage	User-Defined				
	irement 1		CFM/person			
OA Requ	uirement 2	0.00	CFM/ft²			
Space U	sage Defaults ASHI	RAE Std 62-2001				
. Internals						
	ead Lighting:			People:	20.0	Decelo
	ypeRece					People
	Multiplier				245.0	BTU/hr/nersor
Schedule	B	ample Schedule				
			S	chedule	Sample Schedule	
2.2. Task L	iahtina:		2.5.	Miscellaneous Loa	ds:	
Wattage		0.00	W/ft² S	ensible	0	BTU/hr
Schedule	b	None			Sample Schedule	
					0 None	BTU/hr
.3. Electri	cal Equipment:		5	chedule	None	
Wattage		31500.0	Watts			
Schedule	e S	ample Schedule				
. Walls. W	/indows, Doors:					
rraile, r						
Exp.	Wall Gross Area (ft²)	Window 1 Qty.	Window 2 Qty.	Door 1 Qty.	1	
NNW	1123.0	8	0	1		
WSW	2022.0	9	0	6		
005	4422.0	0	0	4	1	

NNW	1123.0	8	0	1
WSW	2022.0	9	0	6
SSE	1123.0	0	0	1
ENE	1289.4	4	0	5
	Construction Transfer Francisco MARK			

3.2. Construction Types for Exposure WSW

3.4. Construction Types for Exposure ENE Wall Type Face Brick + R-14 Board + 8" HW Concrete Block 1st Window Type 4' W Standard Dbl Glazed

4. Roofs, Skylights:

Exp.	Roof Gross Area (ft²)	Roof Slope (deg.)	Skylight Qty.	ı
Н	9713.0	0	0	

0.20 ACH

4.1. Construction Types for Exposure H Roof Type .. Built-up Roof + R-14 Board + 8" LW Concrete

Design Heating	0.20	ACH

Infiltration occurs only when the fan is off.

6. Floors:

Туре	Slab Floor On Grade	
Floor Area	9713.0	ft²
Total Floor U-Value	0.100	BTU/(hr-ft2-°F)
Exposed Perimeter	0.0	ft
Edge Insulation R-Value	0.00	(hr-ft²-°F)/BTU

7. Partitions:

(No partition data).

6.5.4. Energy Cost Calculation

6.5.4.1. Annual Cost Summary

Table 1. Annual Costs

	BOISE ACTC
Component	(\$)
Air System Fans	0
Cooling	11,678
Heating	2,663
Pumps	65
Cooling Tower Fans	0
HVAC Sub-Total	14,406
Lights	5,401
Electric Equipment	52,994
Misc. Electric	0
Misc. Fuel Use	0
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	58,396
Grand Total	72,802

Table 2. Annual Cost per Unit Floor Area

Component	BOISE ACTC (\$/ft²)
Air System Fans	0.000
Cooling	0.698
Heating	0.159
Pumps	0.004
Cooling Tower Fans	0.000
HVAC Sub-Total	0.862
Lights	0.323
Electric Equipment	3.169
Misc. Electric	0.000
Misc. Fuel Use	0.000
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	3.492
Grand Total	4.354
Gross Floor Area (ft²)	16721.0
Conditioned Floor Area (ft²)	16721.0

Note: Values in this table are calculated using the Gross Floor Area.

Table 3. Component Cost as a Percentage of Total Cost

·	BOISE ACTC
Component	(%)
Air System Fans	0.0
Cooling	16.0
Heating	3.7
Pumps	0.1
Cooling Tower Fans	0.0
HVAC Sub-Total	19.8
Lights	7.4
Electric Equipment	72.8
Misc. Electric	0.0
Misc. Fuel Use	0.0
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	80.2
Grand Total	100.0

6.5.4.2. Energy Budget by Energy Source

1. Annual Coil Loads

Component	Load (kBTU)	(kBTU/ft²)
Cooling Coil Loads	5,485,046	328.033
Heating Coil Loads	210,394	12.583
Grand Total	5,695,440	340.616

2. Energy Consumption by Energy Source

Component	Site Energy (kBTU)	Site Energy (kBTU/ft²)	Source Energy (kBTU)	Source Energy (kBTU/ft²)
HVAC Components				
Electric	1,093,819	65.416	1,093,819	65.416
Natural Gas	240,775	14.400	240,775	14.400
Fuel Oil	0	0.000	0	0.000
Propane	0	0.000	0	0.000
Remote Hot Water	0	0.000	0	0.000
Remote Steam	0	0.000	0	0.000
Remote Chilled Water	0	0.000	0	0.000
HVAC Sub-Total	1,334,594	79.816	1,334,594	79.816
Non-HVAC Components				
Electric	5,480,360	327.753	5,480,360	327.753
Natural Gas	0	0.000	0	0.000
Fuel Oil	0	0.000	0	0.000
Propane	0	0.000	0	0.000
Remote Hot Water	0	0.000	0	0.000
Remote Steam	0	0.000	0	0.000
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	5,480,360	327.753	5,480,360	327.753
Grand Total	6,814,954	407.569	6,814,954	407.569

- 1. 'Cooling Coil Loads' is the sum of all air system cooling coil loads.
 2. 'Heating Coil Loads' is the sum of all air system heating coil loads.
 3. Site Energy is the actual energy consumed.

- 4. Source Energy is the site energy divided by the electric generating efficiency (100.0%).
 5. Source Energy for fuels equals the site energy value.
 6. Energy per unit floor area is based on the gross building floor area. Gross Floor Area 16721.0 ft² Conditioned Floor Area 16721.0 ft²

6.5.4.3. Energy Budget by System Component

1. Annual Coil Loads

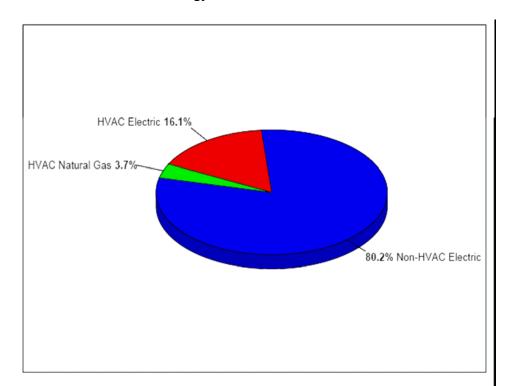
Component	Load (kBTU)	
Cooling Coil Loads	5,485,046	328.033
Heating Coil Loads	210,394	12.583
Grand Total	5,695,440	340.616

2. Energy Consumption by System Component

Component	Site Energy (kBTU)	Site Energy (kBTU/ft²)	Source Energy (kBTU)	Source Energy (kBTU/ft²)
Air System Fans	0	0.000	0	0.000
Cooling	1,087,635	65.046	1,087,635	65.046
Heating	240,775	14.400	240,775	14.400
Pumps	6,184	0.370	6,184	0.370
Cooling Towers	0	0.000	0	0.000
HVAC Sub-Total	1,334,594	79.815	1,334,594	79.815
Lights	506,906	30.316	506,906	30.316
Electric Equipment	4,973,521	297.442	4,973,521	297.442
Misc. Electric	0	0.000	0	0.000
Misc. Fuel Use	0	0.000	0	0.000
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	5,480,426	327.757	5,480,426	327.757
Grand Total	6,815,020	407.573	6,815,020	407.573

- 'Cooling Coil Loads' is the sum of all air system cooling coil loads.
 'Heating Coil Loads' is the sum of all air system heating coil loads.
- 3. Site Energy is the actual energy consumed.
 4. Source Energy is the site energy divided by the electric generating efficiency (100.0%).
 5. Source Energy for fuels equals the site energy value.
- . 16721.0 ft² Conditioned Floor Area

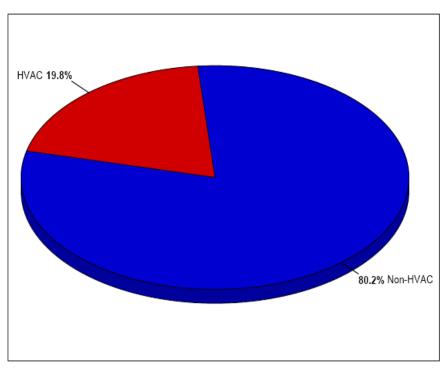
6.5.4.4. <u>Annual Energy Costs</u>



1. Annual Costs

	Annual Cost		Percent of Tota
Component	(\$/yr)	(\$/ft²)	(%
HVAC Components			
Electric	11,743	0.702	16.1
Natural Gas	2,663	0.159	3.7
Fuel Oil	0	0.000	0.0
Propane	0	0.000	0.0
Remote Hot Water	0	0.000	0.0
Remote Steam	0	0.000	0.0
Remote Chilled Water	0	0.000	0.0
HVAC Sub-Total	14,406	0.862	19.8
Non-HVAC Components			
Electric	58,395	3.492	80.
Natural Gas	0	0.000	0.0
Fuel Oil	0	0.000	0.0
Propane	0	0.000	0.0
Remote Hot Water	0	0.000	0.0
Remote Steam	0	0.000	0.0
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	58,395	3.492	80.
Grand Total	72,801	4,354	100.

6.5.4.5.<u>Annual HVAC & Non-HVAC Costs</u>



1. Annual Costs

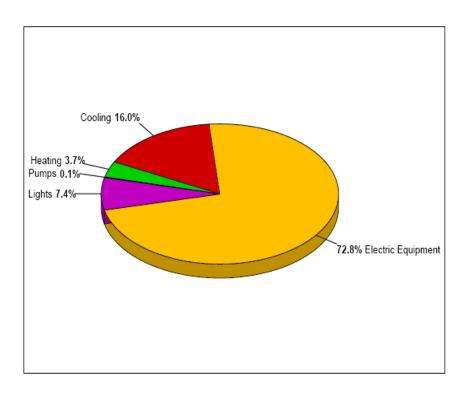
Component	Annual Cost (\$/yr)	(\$/ft²)	Percent of Total (%)
HVAC	14,406	0.862	19.8
Non-HVAC	58,396	3.492	80.2
Grand Total	72,802	4.354	100.0

Note: Cost per unit floor area is based on the gross building floor area.

 Gross Floor Area
 16721.0 ft²

 Conditioned Floor Area
 16721.0 ft²

6.5.4.6. Annual Component Cost



1. Annual Costs

Component	Annual Cost (\$)	(\$/ft²)	Percent of Total (%)
Air System Fans	0	0.000	0.0
Cooling	11,678	0.698	16.0
Heating	2,663	0.159	3.7
Pumps	65	0.004	0.1
Cooling Tower Fans	0	0.000	0.0
HVAC Sub-Total	14,406	0.862	19.8
Lights	5,401	0.323	7.4
Electric Equipment	52,994	3.169	72.8
Misc. Electric	0	0.000	0.0
Misc. Fuel Use	0	0.000	0.0
Non-HVAC Sub-Total	58,396	3.492	80.2
Grand Total	72,802	4.354	100.0

Note: Cost per unit floor area is based on the gross building floor area.

7. ELECTRICAL DESIGN BASIS

7.1. General

- The electrical engineering for the new ATCT and Base Building shall be designed per the following design guides and codes:
 - International Building Code, 2003
 - ATCT Facility Design Guide, FAA Order 6480.7D
 - National Electrical Code, 2003
 - FAA Standard 019e Lightning and Surge Protection, Grounding, Bonding and shielding requirements for Facilities and Electronic Equipment.

7.2. Primary Distribution System

- 1. The primary source of electrical power for this project will derived from the existing 34.5 KV overhead distribution that is installed on the north side of West Gowan Road. This distribution presently feeds a platform-mounted bank of three 500 KVA transformers located on the west side of S. Ulm Street close to West Gowan Road. The 12.5 KV distribution provided by this transformer bank supplies an overhead distribution that extends north, adjacent to the proposed site and dips underground d to service buildings at the east end of the runways.
- 2. The existing facility on the proposed site is supplied from the 12.5 KV distribution and utilizes a pole-mounted bank of three 167 KVA transformers. This tap is brought overhead from S. Ulm Street via an intermediate pole and the service to the existing building is provided by an underground conduit system.
- 3. Idaho Power has indicated that the demand on the bank of 500 KVA transformers is currently very light. Although the service demand of the proposed construction is equal to the present service, Idaho Power has indicated that they would like to replace and upgrade the conductors for the 12.5 KV overhead distribution along S. Ulm Street.

- 4. Karl Peck of Idaho Power has confirmed that the available fault circuit current available at the point of supply is 39,486A.
- 5. The new service will employ a new pole at S. Ulm Street that will support an underground dip to a new 500 KVA padmounted transformer supplied and installed by Idaho Power. Metering will be installed by Idaho Power at the transformer. The electrical contractor will be responsible for installing an underground concrete-encased schedule 40 PVC duct system to the main switchboard.
- 6. The main distribution for the building will be 600A 277/480V. The secondary voltage is selected since it is the primary nominal building distribution voltage throughout the United States.
- 7. All design with respect to voltage drop, physical characteristics of circuits, clearances, etc. will be in accordance with NFPA 70, the National Electrical Code, latest edition.
- 8. The anticipated total electrical load for mechanical services for the building is as follows:

Equipment	Quantity	Rating	Kw
50 Ton Chillers	2	460/60/3 98 MCA	162
Air Handling Unit No. 1	1	15HP & 5HP	28
15 Ton Computer Room A/C Units	3	5 HP & 10 KW	54
Tower Fan Coil Units	6	2 HP	21
Miscellaneous Fans	4	1 HP	7
Hydronic Pumps	4	5.0 to 7.5 HP	40
Fire Pump	1	50 HP	68
7 70 .	-		200

Total 380

- 9. The hydronic pumps are installed as alternating units and only two of the four pumps will operate at any time.
- 10. Operation of the fire pump will be in conjunction with fire alarm condition. In fire alarm condition one chiller will be shut down. This condition would result in a total connected mechanical load of 279 KW. Since the fire pump will be VFD controlled, this value could be much lower.
- 11. During normal operation the chillers should operate at a maximum load of 75 tons, yielding a total connected demand load of 252 KW.
- 12. The calculation above excludes the option of electric heating. Should this option be taken, the design would ensure that the electrical heating load does not exceed the cooling load. Since these loads are non-concurrent, the electrical heating load is excluded from these calculations.
- 13. The total lighting load, based on a total floor area (including base building, and all tower levels) of approximately 13,000 sqft and an average load of 1.25 watts/sqft is 17 KW.

14. The anticipated total electrical load for electronics components for the building is as follows. Equipment for which no specific electrical loads have been provided are indicated with an asterisk:

EQUIPMENT	QUANTITY	RATING (KW)	TOTAL (KW)
STARS	2	9	18
EFSTS	1	2*	2
FDIO	1	1*	1
IDS	3	0.5*	1.5
DVRS	18	0.4	7.2
R/T	48	0.1*	4.8
RCE	14	0.1*	1.4
TVS	1	2*	2
BVS	1	1*	1
ASOS	1	0.5*	.5
ATIS	2	0.5*	1
DASI	2	0.2*	.4
LG	2	0.1*	.2
TCD	2	0.1*	.2
CCTV	1	0.5	.5
TELCO	Lot	1.2	1.2
LAN/WAN	Lot	1	1
	Total		43.9

- 15. An additional allowance of 20 KW for general purpose outlets is also included.
- 16. The total connected load for the building is therefore approximated at 340 KW or 330A at 277/480V.
- 17. The switchgear for the facility will be based on a 600A distribution at 277/480V and specified as Square D. A main switchboard will provide power through the building transfer switch to the main distribution panel as well as power to the fire pump transfer switch.

18. Distribution throughout the building will be in accordance with the attached single-line drawing and will be fully coordinated using the services of Power Systems Engineering of Seattle. Distribution will be designed to ensure that all equipment is rated for the available fault currents and to ensure that upstream tripping of overcurrent devices will not occur

7.3. Lighting Systems

- 1. Lighting systems will adhere to ASHRAE and IEEE standards for energy efficiency and all spaces will be evaluated using Visual Basic 2.05 software.
- 2. Lighting sources will be based primarily on fluorescent T8 lamps with minimum CRI 86. Color temperature will be as specified by the client.
- 3. Ballasts will be high frequency electronic with less than 10 percent total harmonic distortion and power factor close to unity.
- 4. A lighting control system will be implemented to ensure that no unoccupied areas are illuminated unnecessarily.

7.4. Power Systems

- 1. A diesel-fired 300 KW generator will be provided for emergency power for the building. Output from this generator will be supplied to the main distribution via a 600A transfer switch as well as to the fire pump via its dedicated transfer switch. The generator will be installed in a dedicated room and provided with a day tank. A main fuel tank and load bank will be installed at the exterior of the building.
- 2. The entire building electrical distribution will be connected to the load side of the building transfer switch. A lower priority "non-essential" distribution will be supplied by a shunt trip circuit breaker from this distribution. This arrangement will allow a means of load-shedding should the generator become overloaded and will ensure that the "essential" distribution remains energized. In addition, one chiller will be shut down when the building is supported by generator power.

- 3. The UPS will be specified as a 100 KVA double-conversion Mitsubishi system using valve-regulated lead-acid batteries installed in a cabinet sized to match the dimensions of the UPS cabinet. No battery room is therefore required. The UPS will be provided with a main feeder as well as a static switch feeder from the main distribution.
- 4. A maintenance bypass switch with key-interlocks will be provided for the UPS system. This system will be provided with a separate feeder from the main distribution.

7.5. Emergency Lighting

- 1. All lighting will be on emergency power with the proposed distribution arrangement. Selected lighting fixtures will be connected to separate circuits in the essential distribution system to ensure illumination of the means of egress.
- 2. An emergency lighting battery unit will be provided to illuminate the generator room as well as the transfer switch location in the event of the generator failing to start on normal power failure.

7.6. **Grounding Systems**

1. The entire project will be installed in compliance with FAA Standard 019e – Lightning And Surge Protection, Grounding, Bonding And Shielding Requirements For Facilities And Electronic Equipment.

7.7. Communications Systems

1. The installed telephone system will provide all communications and paging within the facility.

7.8. Other Systems

- 1. The fire alarm system will be provided as a performance specification only. Specification is to be provided by FAA.
- 2. The CCTV and Security systems are to be provided as performance specifications only. Specifications to be provided by FAA.

8. FIRE PROTECTION DESIGN BASIS

8.1. General

- The Fire Protection Engineering for the new ATCT and Base Building shall be designed per the following design guides and codes:
 - International Building Code, 2003
 - International Fire Code, 2003
 - NFPA 101 Life Safety Design
- The International Building Code shall govern for all issues related to the design, construction, and occupancy of all ATCT and Base Building, with the exception of the ATCT means of egress. Due to a special agreement between OSHA and the FAA that requires compliance with 29 CFR 1960.20,"Alternate Emergency Egress Standard for ATCT", NFPA 101 shall govern for those issues related to construction of and egress from the ATCT. Only one exit stairway will be provided for the new ATCT with the elevator constructed as the second means of egress.

8.2. <u>Building Code Analysis</u>

• A detail Building Code Analysis and Fire Safety Plans have been provided for the ATCT and Base Building on the following drawings:

Base Building: NM-D-ATCT-BF01 to BF02
 ATCT: NM-D-ATCT-TF01 to TF06

8.3. Sprinkler Design Considerations

- A dedicated 6" fire line connection will be made next to the domestic water connection at the 8" main on South Ulm St. The service of the line is for the total facility wet-pipe sprinkler system designed to NFPA standards and the Tower standpipe system designed to NFPA with the standpipe Class and category to the approval of the local fire department.
- A ULC listed fire pump will be designed for the Tower sprinkler and standpipe system, as required, to provide adequate water pressure (max. 175 psig) and flow to meet the system requirements. The fire pump will be fed from the emergency power generator and will be located at Level 2 of the Tower approx. 56 feet above grade to reduce the pump pressure requirement to serve the top of the Tower. The pump size is estimated at 50 HP. A city water flow test at the street water main will be conducted for final pump sizing prior to 100% design submission.
- At least one (1) site fire hydrant will be required to meet NFPA and local fire department requirements. Site hydrants are required to have separate connections at the municipal main.
- Pre-action type sprinkler systems are <u>not</u> required for electronic equipment rooms.
- The kitchen / breakroom range hood installation will include an automatic chemical extinguishing system to FAA specifications.

9. PROJECT SCHEDULE & COST ESTIMATE

9.1. General

• The design schedule for completing all tasks included in the contract shall be two hundred and seven three calendar days (273) from the Notice to Proceed (NTP). It is critical to complete the project design and issue for bidding by September 2007.

9.2. Design Submittal Milestone

• The following deliverable schedule has been set as below:

•	PPD Submittal	January 26, 2007
•	35% Submittal	April 03, 2007
•	65% Informal Submittal	June 1, 2007
•	100% Submittal	July 09, 2007
•	Complete Bid Documents	August 30, 2007

9.3. Construction Bidding and Schedule:

- FAA has allotted one hundred and five calendar days (105) for logistics and bidding. It is anticipated to proceed on the earlier date of September 16, 2007 or when the project design is completed.
- A typical construction schedule for this type of facility is 20 to 24 months. FAA has allotted six hundred and thirty seven calendar days (637) for this project.

9.4. Cost Estimate

- A detailed estimate of the Construction for this project will be prepared after the review comments received from the PPD reviewed and the various proposed systems are approved to be used for the project.
- It will be ready for the 35% Design Submittal



ARCHITECTURAL RENDERING

AIRPORT TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER (ATCT) AND BASE BUILDING SITE ADAPTATION DESIGN PROJECT

BOISE AIPORT, IDAHO



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION NORTHWEST MOUNTAIN REGION RENTON, WASHINGTON



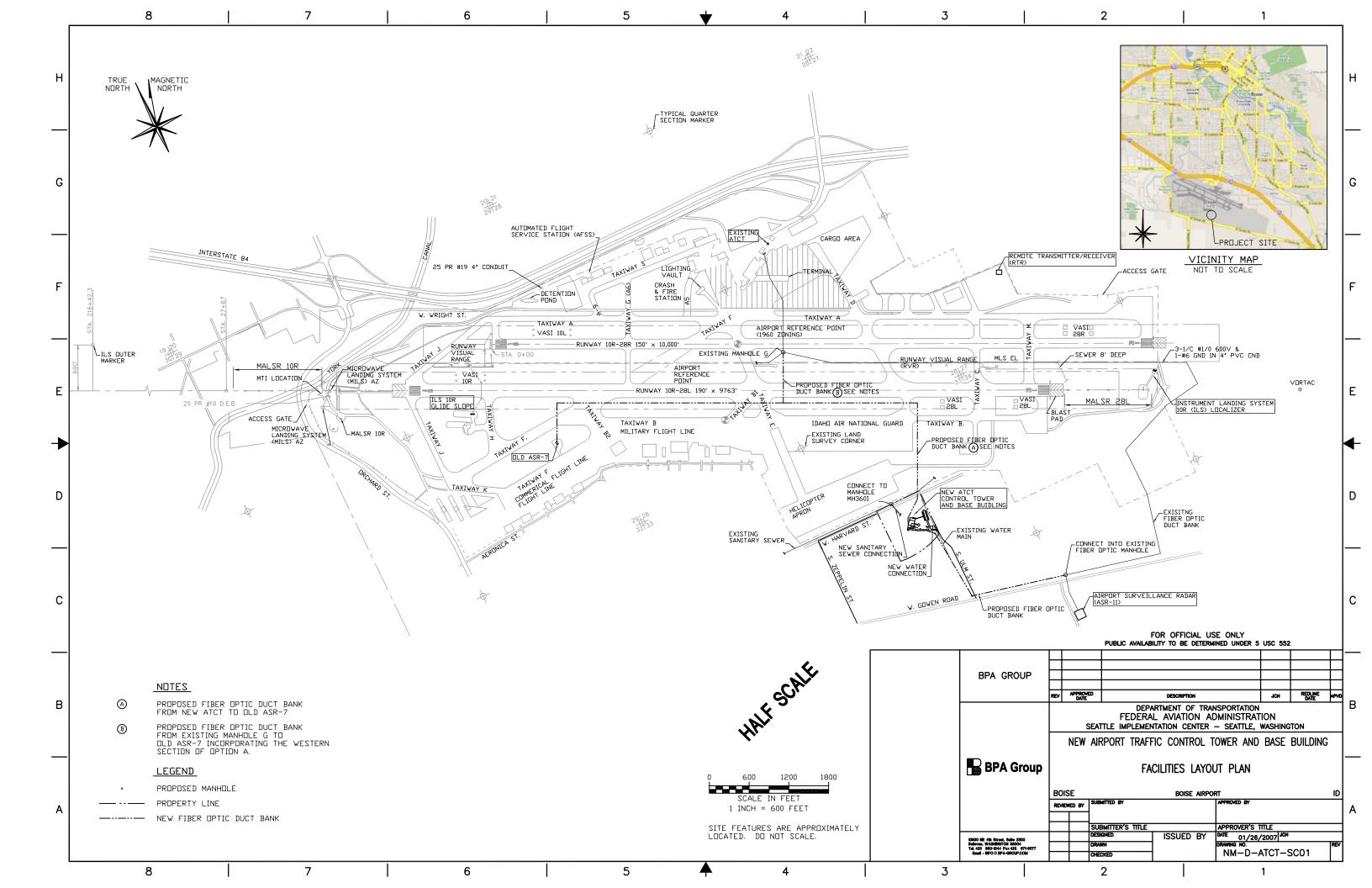
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BOISE, IDAHO
TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER (ATCT) AND
BASE BUILDING SITE ADAPTATION
DESIGN PROJECT

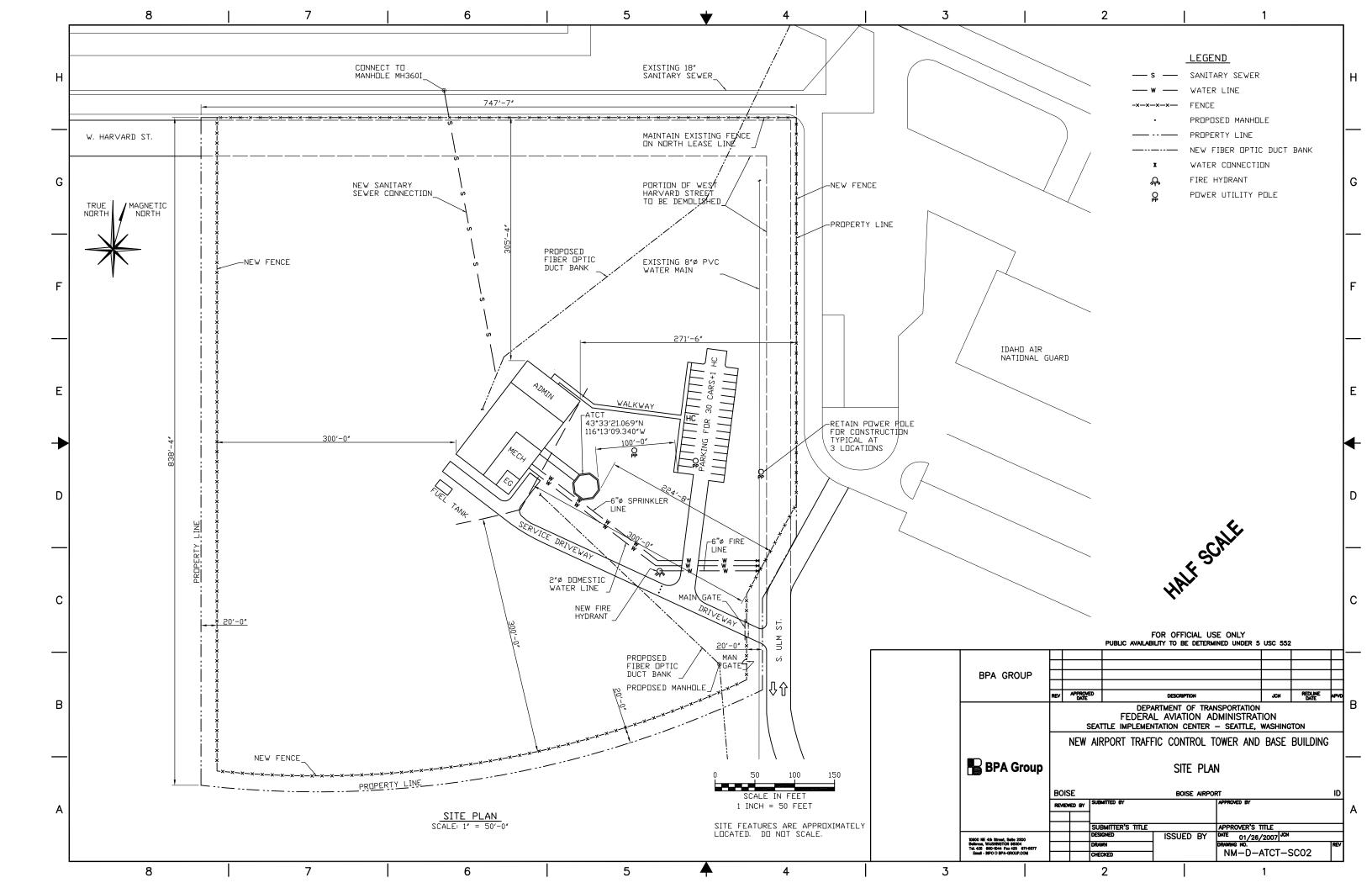
PROJECT PLANNING DOCUMENT JANUARY 26, 2007

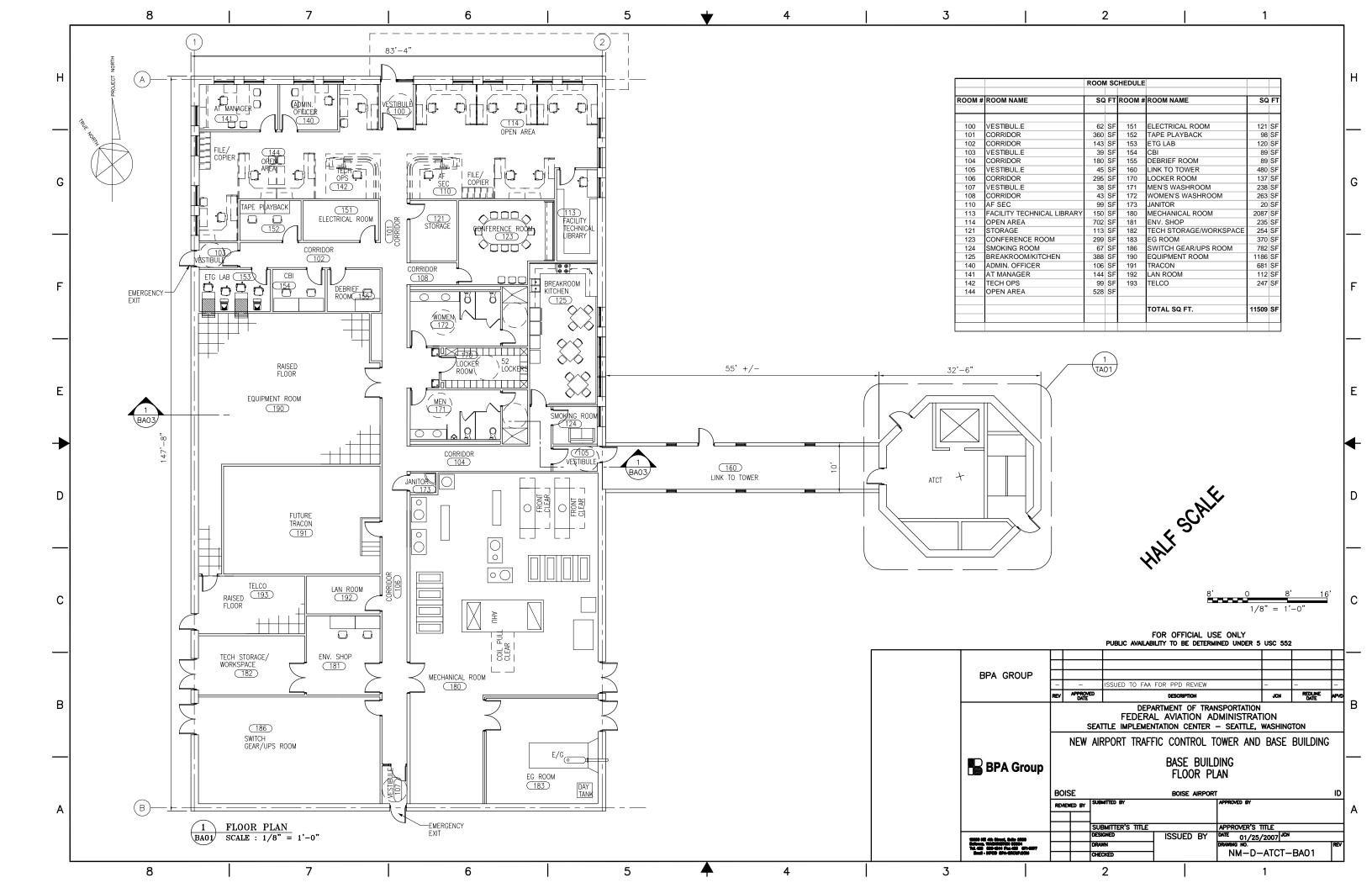
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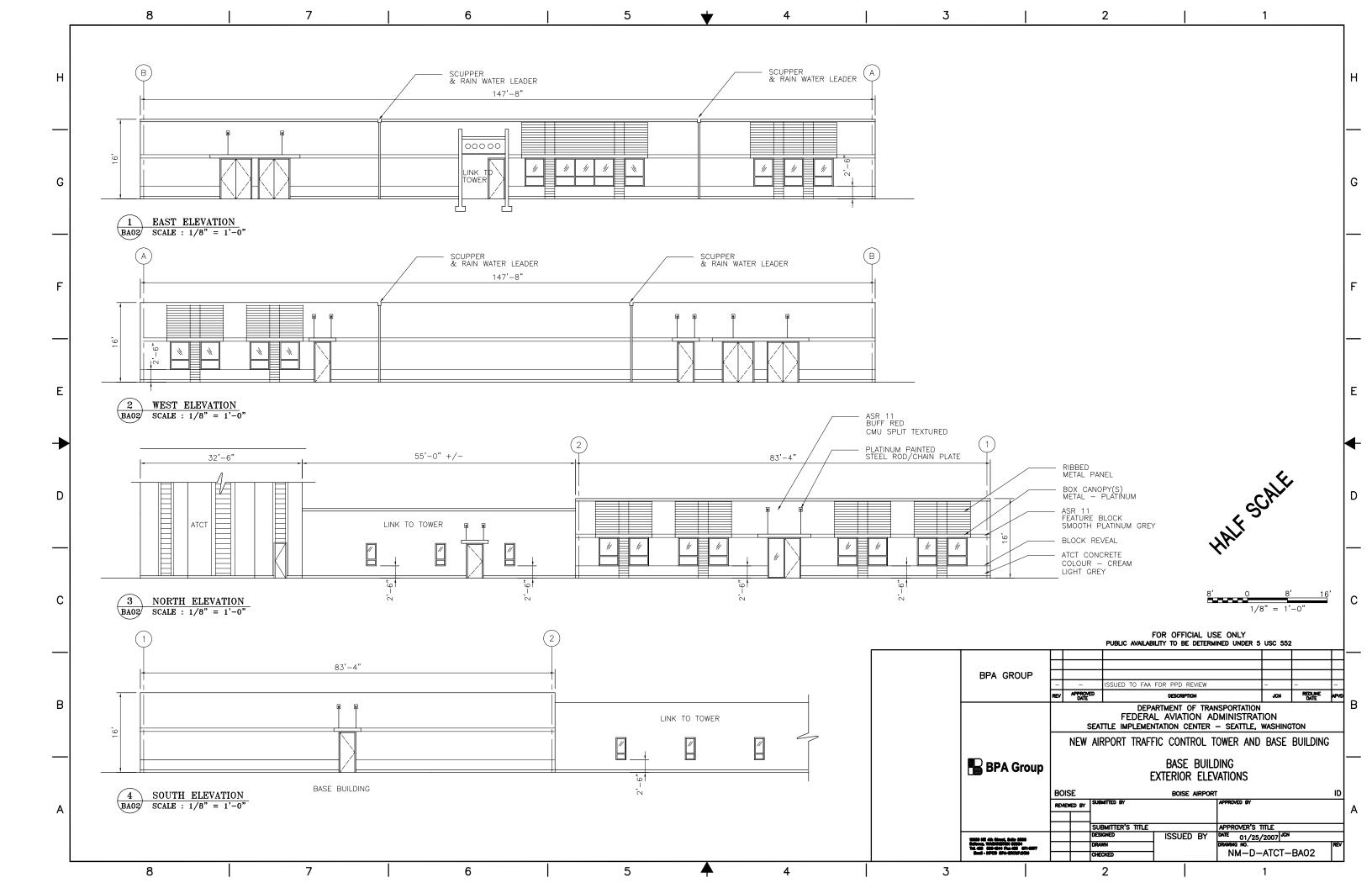
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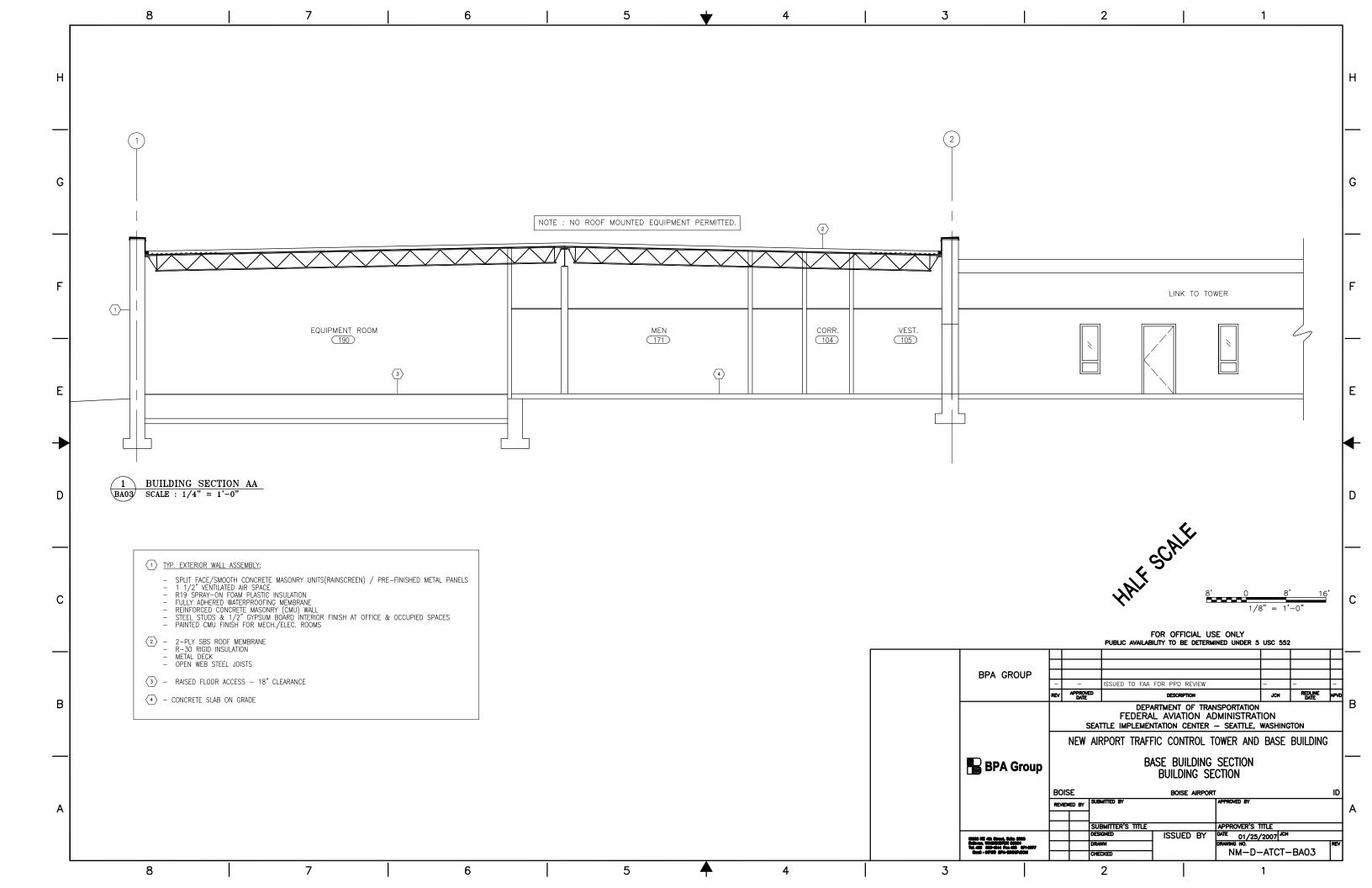


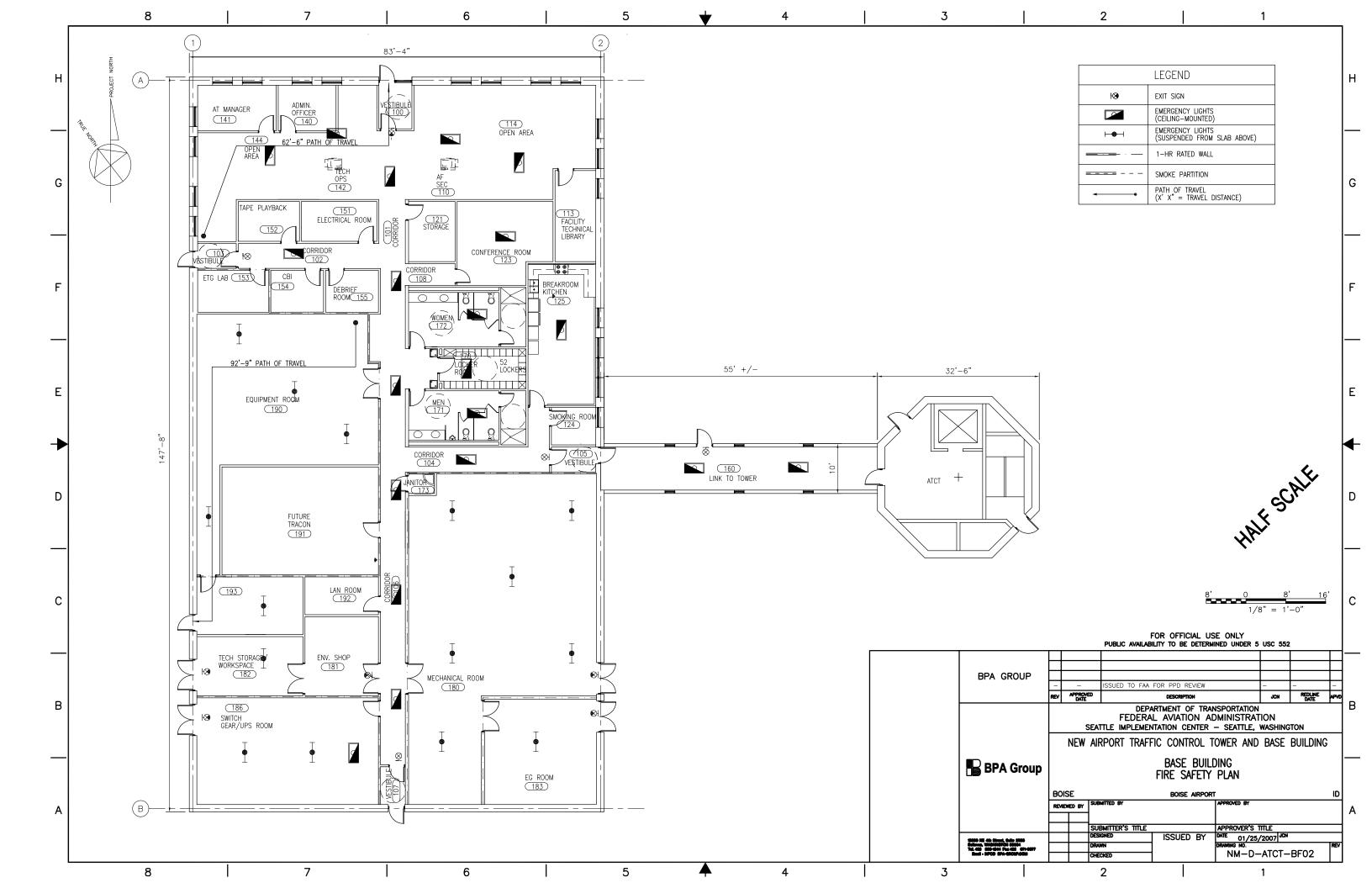


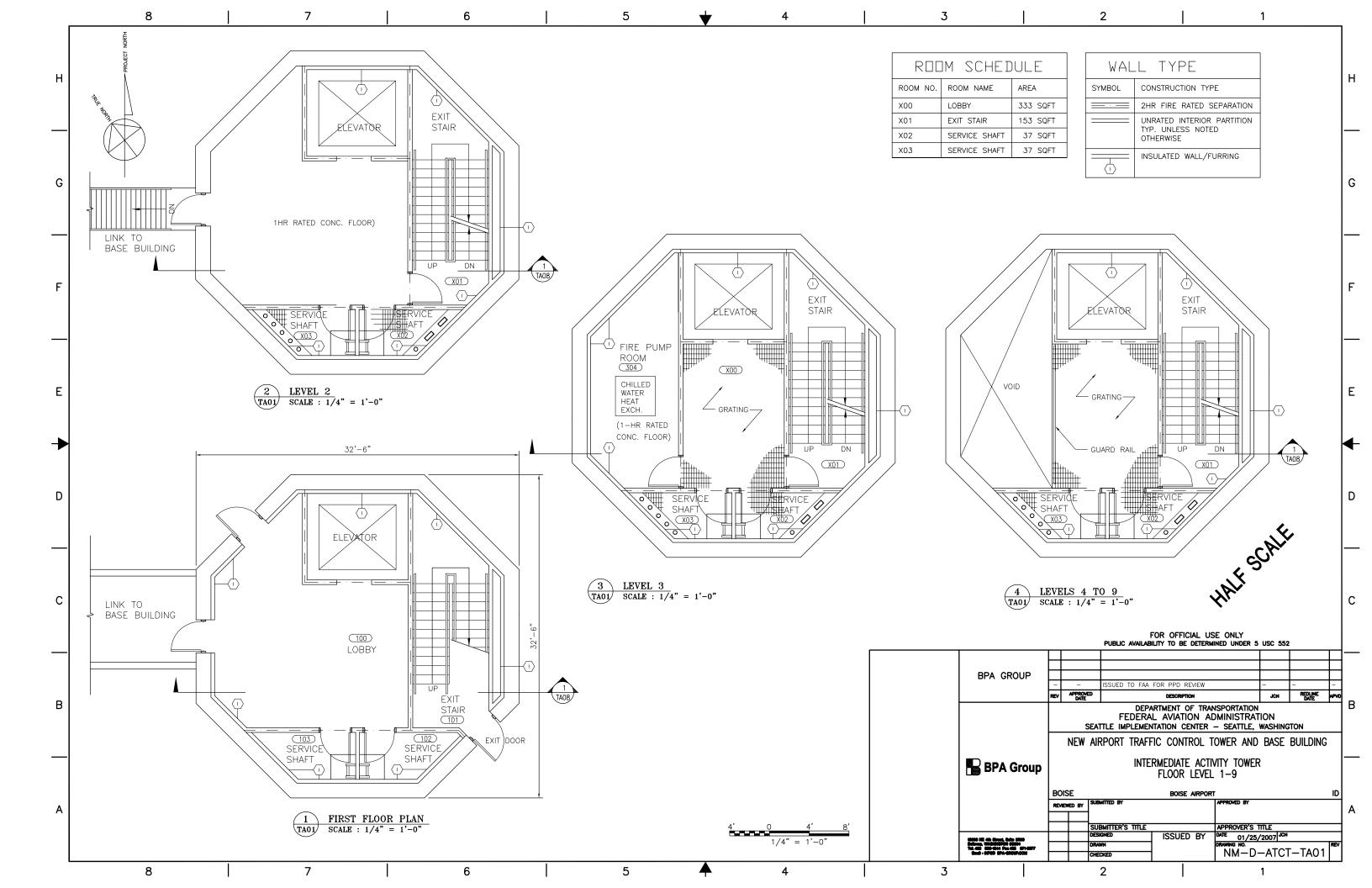


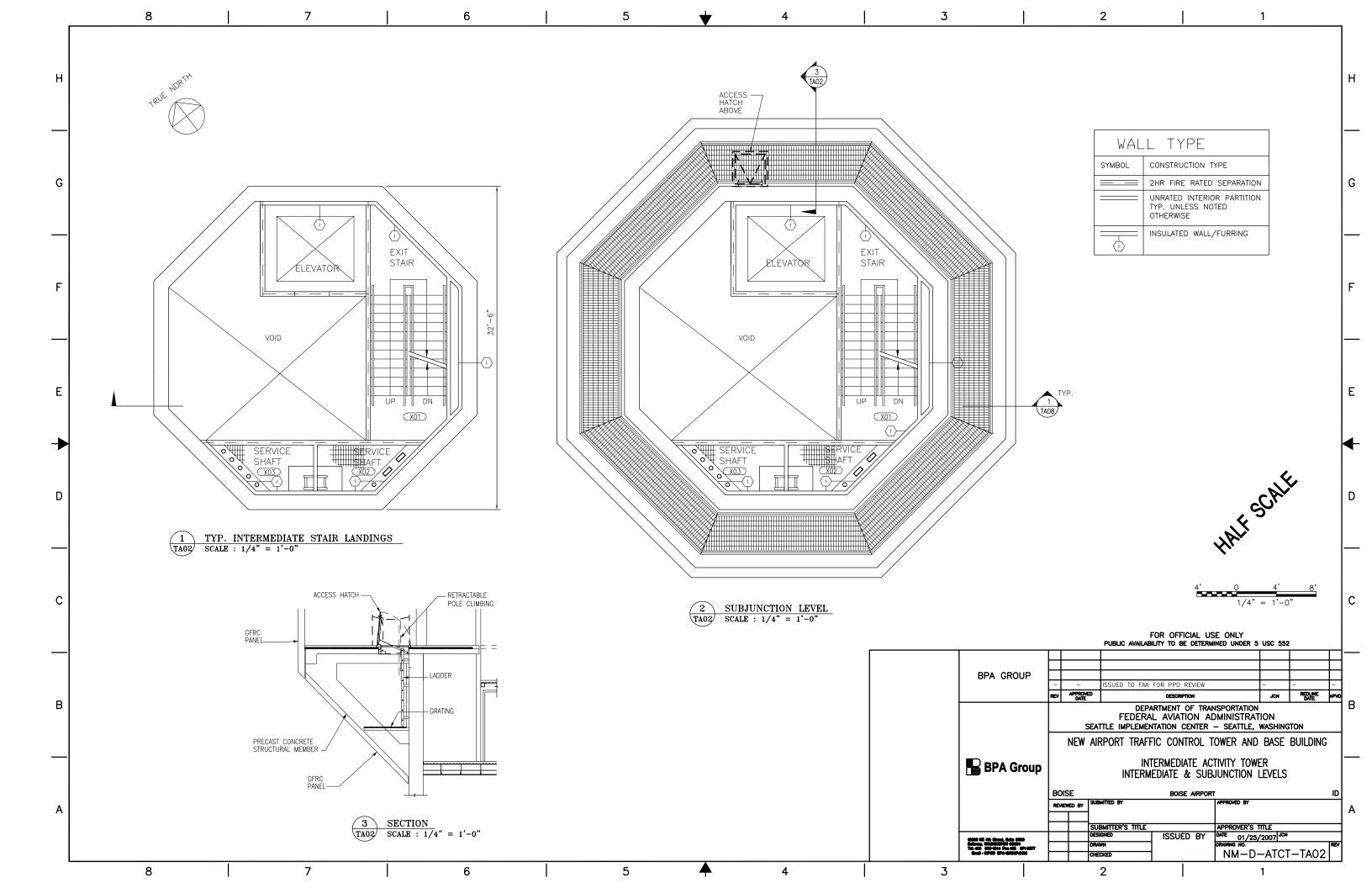


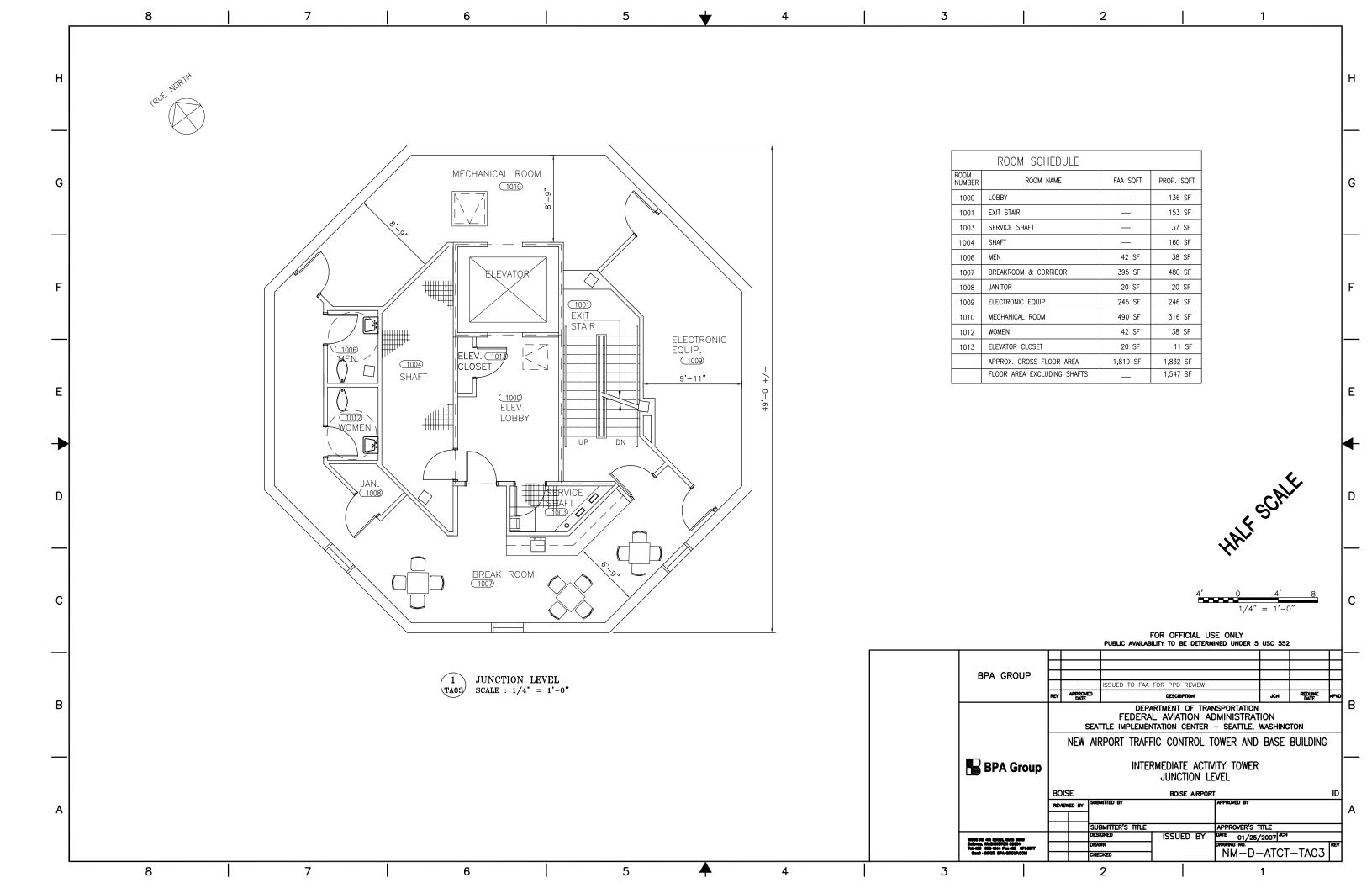


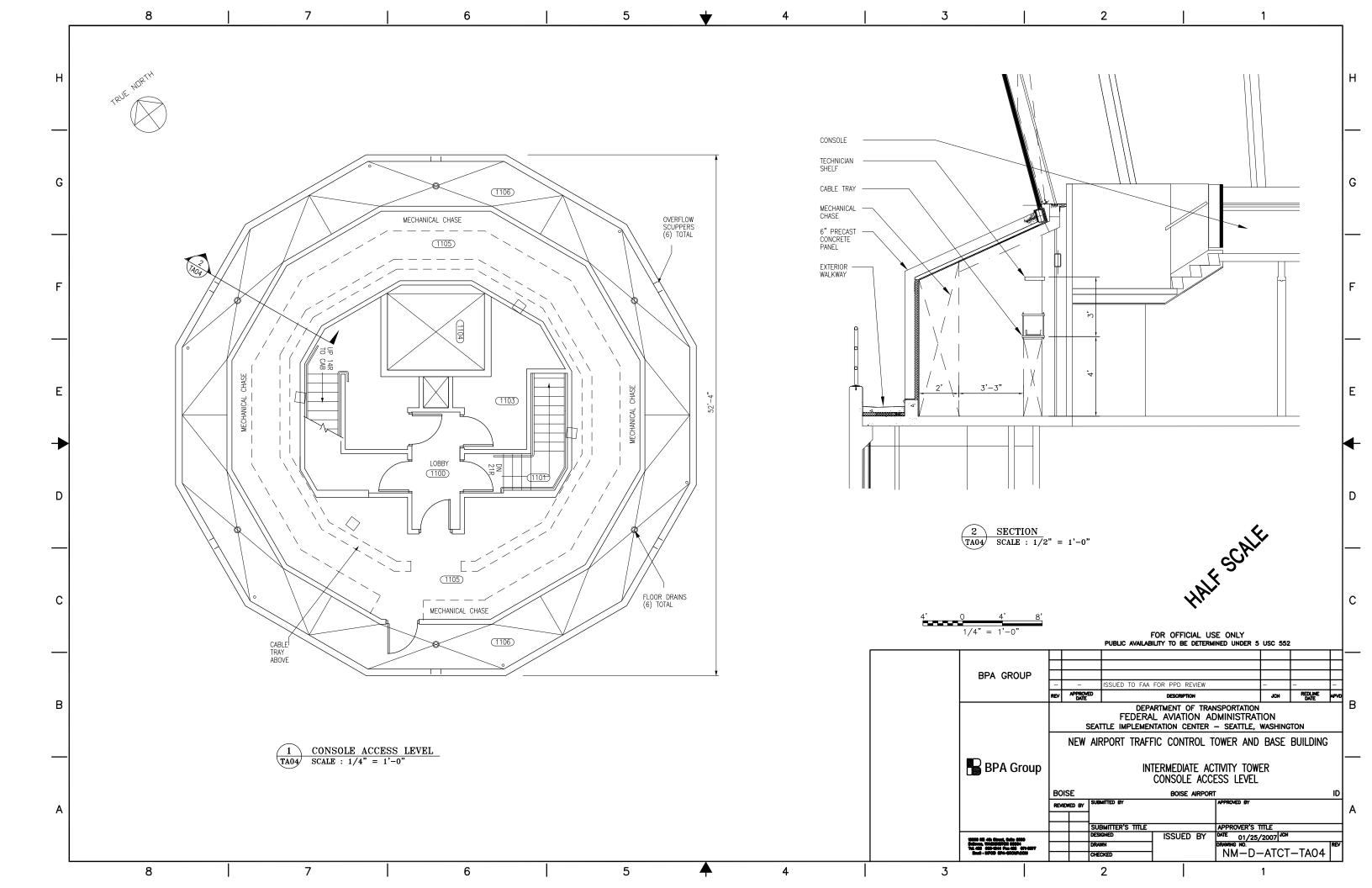


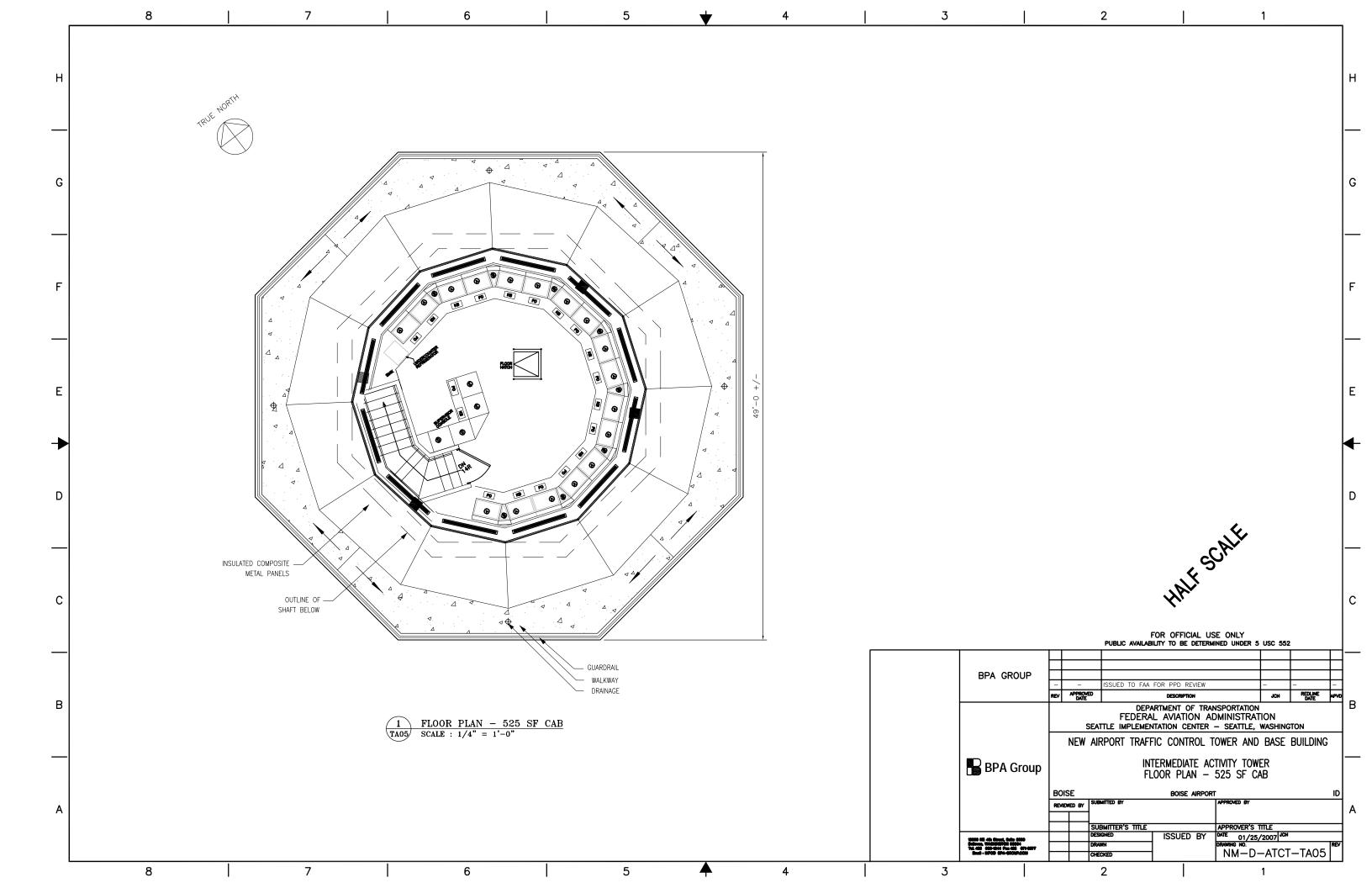


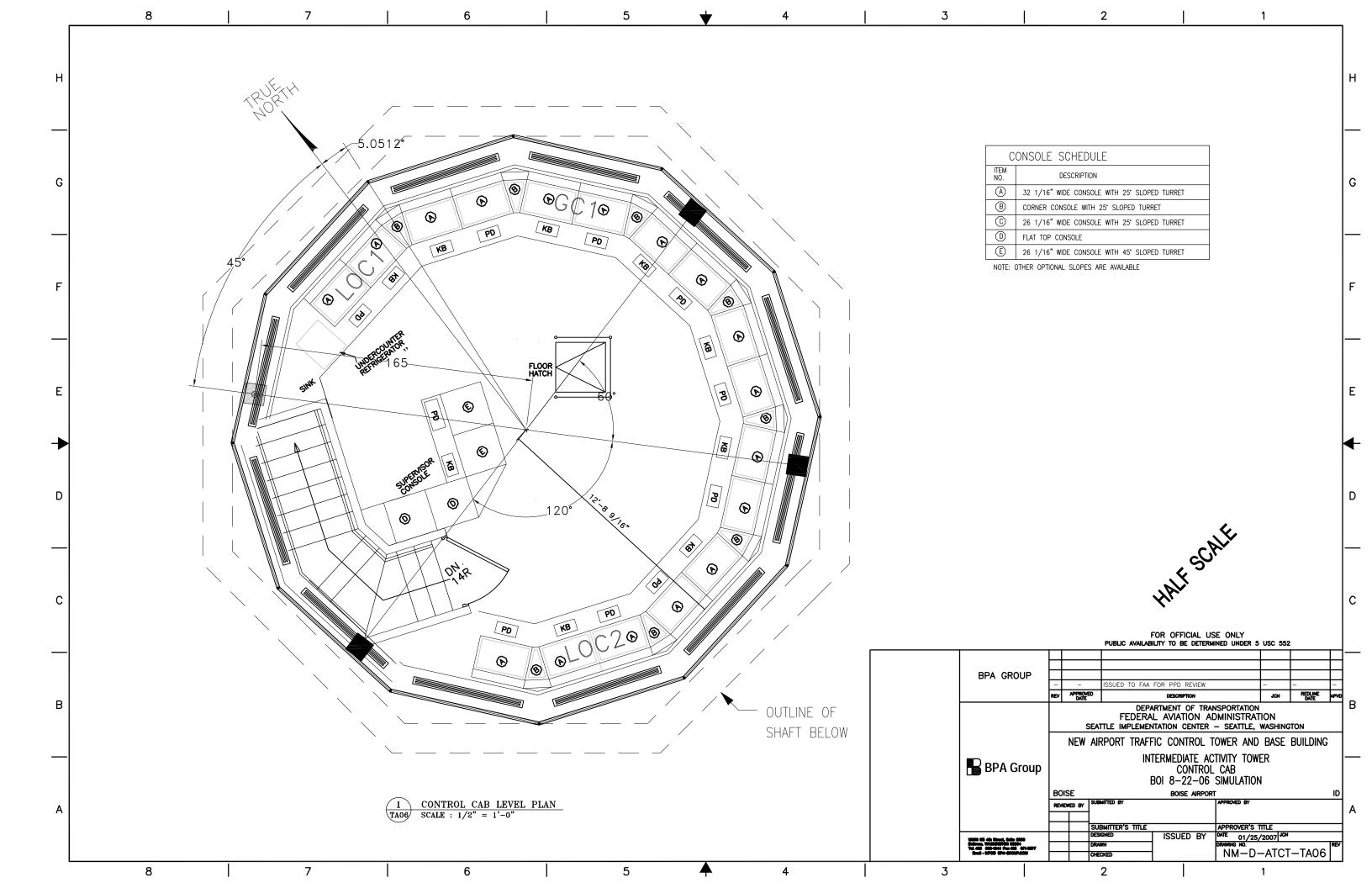


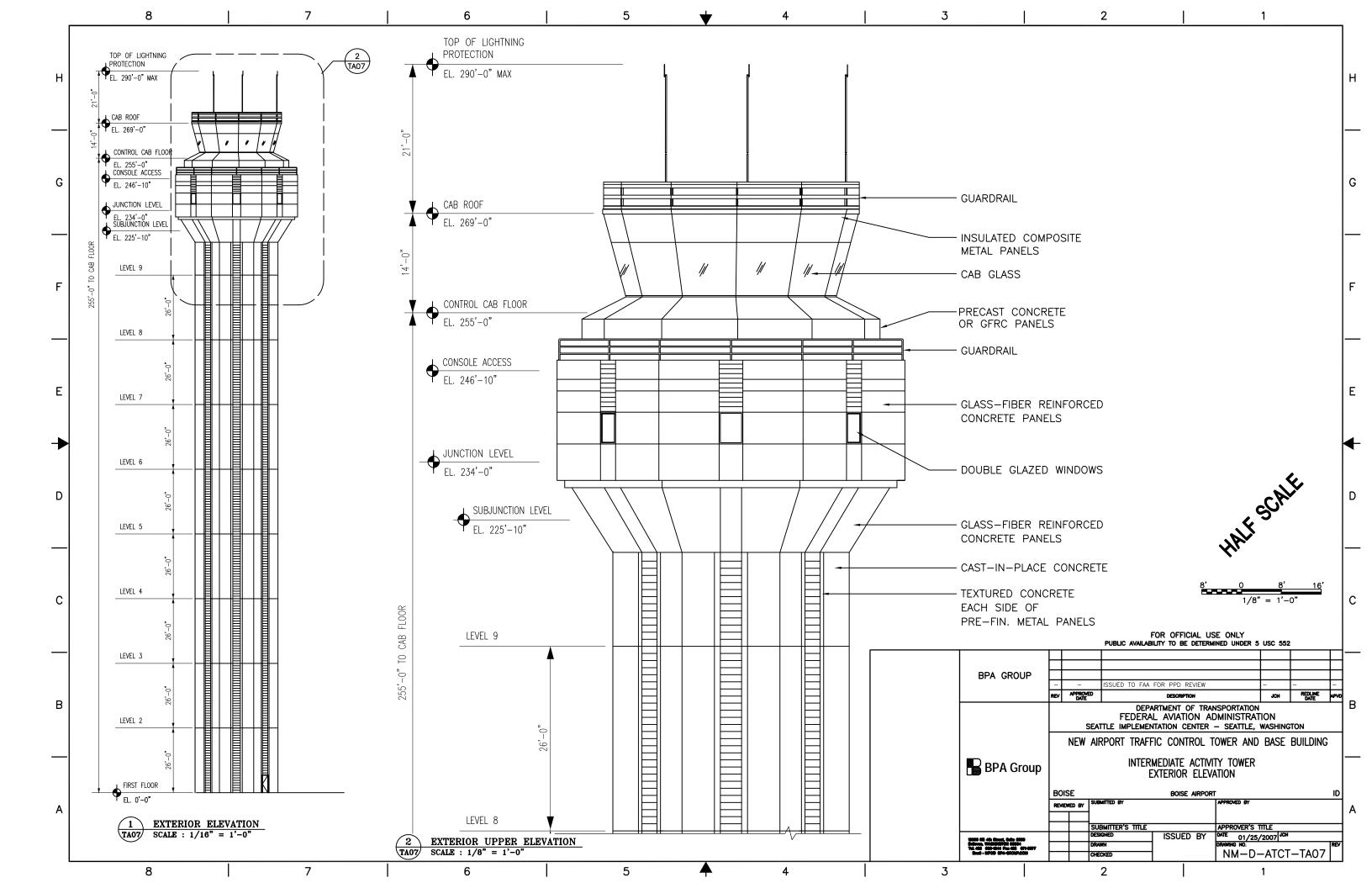


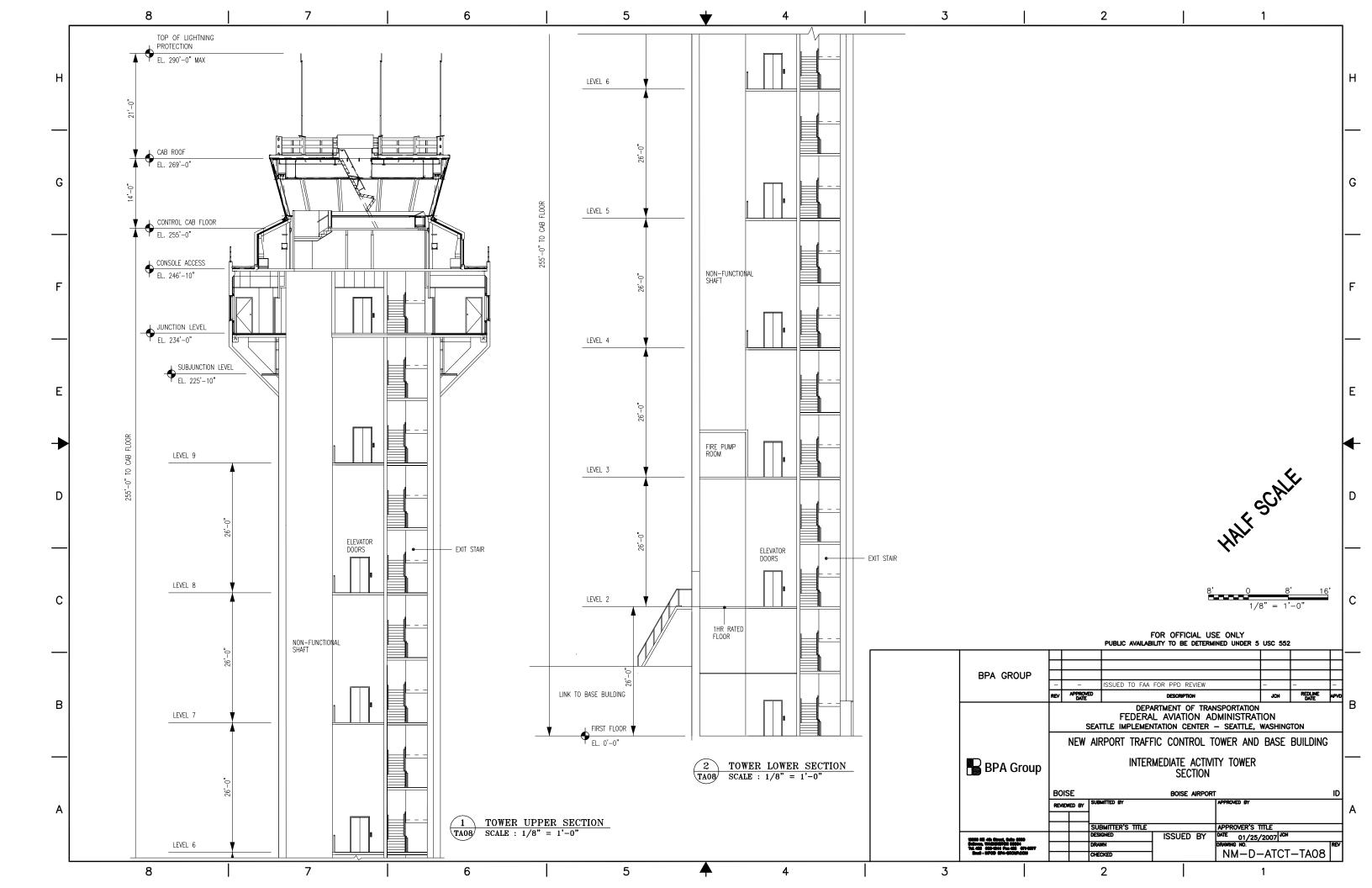












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